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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,052—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JULY 17, 1897.

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Largest Sale in the World.

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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

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Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	
		FRIDAY, 5 P.M.	
B.I.PENINSULAR	3687	W. A. Wheeler	23rd July.
* SHANNON	4361	J. F. Jephson	30th "
B.I.BRITANNIA	6025	J. L. Parfitt	6th Aug.
* GANGES	6986	T. F. Creery	13th "
B.I.CALEDONIA	7508	W. B. Andrews	20th "
SHANNON	4362	J. F. Jephson	27th "
B.I.ROME	6843	A. B. Daniell	3rd Sept.
M * GANGES	4232	T. F. Creery	10th "
		SATURDAY, 2 P.M.	
B.I.INDIA	7911	R. F. Briscoe	18th Sept.
* SHANNON	4362	J. F. Jephson	25th "
B.I.ORIENTAL	5281	L. H. Moule	2nd Oct.

The Steamers marked B.I. proceed to BRINDISI, PLYMOUTH, and LONDON direct with liberty to call at Malta.

The Steamers marked * proceed to ADEN only, and Passengers transhipp to a Steamer for BRINDISI, PLYMOUTH, and LONDON.

The Steamer marked M * proceeds to ADEN only, and passengers transhipp there to a steamer for BRINDISI, MARSEILLES, and LONDON.

Heavy baggage must be sent to the Ballard Pier (not Mazagon) before 10 A.M. on the day of sailing.

A Steam Tender leaves the Ballard Pier at 2 P.M. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board, and only hand baggage will be received. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

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The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

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For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 2nd July, 1897.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N.Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on
AMPHITRITE	A. Martinolich	2,239	1st Aug., 1897.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE, or VENICE	Rs. 490	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 4th of each month.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on
MARQUIS RACCHETHEM	G. Wallnsching	4,766	12th Aug.
MARIA VALERIE	A. Leva	4,235	12th Sept.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE or VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 20th of each month.

A Surgeon and a Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

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By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 900	Rs. 675
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1069	Rs. 825

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, by St. Gothard's, and other Routes.

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THE Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return by the Messageries Maritimes Co. at reduced fares. This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on 3 months privilege leave.

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Steamer	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on
MEDUSA		2,704	21st July 1897.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. SCARPA,
Agent.

Sassoon House, 51, Church Gate Street, Bombay, July 1, 1897.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

FOURWEEKLY DEPARTURE.

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Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on Friday.
OCEANIEN	6,300	Schmitz	9th August.
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	DeMaubeuge	23rd September
SAGHALIEN	1,049	Garbo	1st October.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

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The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

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BANKERS & AGENTS,

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Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,696 tons, on the 17th July, at 2 p.m., or on the arrival of Mail steamer if later arriving.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 29th July, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on the 22nd July, about noon, calling at Kurrachee, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah Runrah, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR MALABAR COAST AND RANGOON.

S. S. "CHILKA" 1,971 tons, on or about 22nd July.

FOR ADEN, LAMOO, MOMBASSA, AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,902 tons, on or about 12th August.

FOR SEYCHELLES, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR, AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "CHINDWARA," 2,026 tons, on or about 2nd Aug., calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Inhambane, and Delagoa Bay in the foregoing or any order.

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PASSENGERS and Cargo booked through from Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, or Rangoon *via* Singapore for all adjacent ports to the various Gold Fields. Fortnightly departures from Singapore.

For further particulars apply to

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Bombay, 16th July, 1897.

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BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

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Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Rates and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

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GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.

SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.

RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c., booked on terms of existing concessions.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.

HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.

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S. S. "NAWAB."

THE s. s. "NAWAB" SAILS hence for CALCUTTA and intermediate COAST PORTS on the 17th inst. CONSIGNEES are REQUESTED to TAKE DELIVERY of their COAL and GENERAL CARGO immediately, failing which, we shall land it ourselves at their risk and expense.

TURNER, MORRISON & Co., Agents,
Asiatic Steam Nav. Co., Ld.

Bombay, 15th July, 1897.

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P. C. H. SNOW,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices, Bombay, 12th July, 1897.

ENGLISH COUNTRY HOME FOR INDIAN GIRLS.

A LIMITED NUMBER of PUPILS from INDIA are received at a Pleasantly Situated Country Home, near Cambridge. The usual English subjects and accomplishments carefully Taught by a duly qualified Staff of Resident Governesses and Visiting Professors. Charming walks. Refined and Comfortable Home, and good Library. Special attention paid to delicate or backward Pupils. Apply C.F. Advertising Dept. "Gazette Office, Bombay."

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NAWAB SAHEB OF JUNAGADH.

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PRICE: Rs. 5, with Postage Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1897 contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and narrates the history of the remarkable progress made by the City in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay, the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE

BOMBAY DIRECTORY

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Bombay Gazette Offices,
Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

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GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

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INTEREST WARRANTS for the half-year ending 30th June, 1897, have this day been posted.

G. A. BARNETT,
Agent.

Victoria Terminus, Bombay, 14th July, 1897.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, BOMBAY.

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These WATERS are sweetened with pure Cane Sugar, Mineral Sugar is not used, and will not go stale.

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WE beg to bring to the notice of the SPECTACLE wearing community, our following revised PRICE LIST:—

Menist's Spectacles.

	Gold.	Silver.	Steel.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
With Turquia Sides	60	28	16
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Spectacles and Folders as above but fitted with Marcks and Co.'s Pebbles, Rs. 5 reduction on Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 reduction on Steel. The new Gold and Steel "Movilette" Frames, fitted with Menist's or Marcks' Pebbles, prices as above.

All the newest patterns in Frames always in Stock.

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Our celebrated, VIOLET TINTED, SUN, GLARE and DUST GLASSES, are invaluable to people who suffer from the extreme glare of a tropical climate. May be purchased in either Steel, Nickel, Silver or Gold Frames, Japanese cups, nickel gauze cups, Silk rings with folding sides, folders and Globular Spectacles, from Rs. 5 per pair.

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Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness (Rs. 30) and Saddle (Rs. 15). New MODEL Chaser carts. Horses standing on Commission Rate, or for treatment.

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Special mixtures Grooms and Syces, etc., supplied.

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The Most Perfect Filter of the day.

Size.	Capacity of Top and Bottom.	Tubes.	Price. Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
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" 2	3 "	5	50 0	56 0

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Nicely decorated and complete with Silver-plated Tap.

Size.	Capacity.	Filtering Tubes.	Price. Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
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" 2	2½ "	5	30 0	33 0
" 3	3½ "	6	40 0	45 0

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IN AIRTIGHT TEA-LEAD PACKETS.

	per lb.			per lb.
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PEKOE	"	0 12	HOUSEHOLD MIXTURE	0 11
PEKOE SOUCHONG	"	0 14	PEKOE DUST	0 10
VICTORIA MIXTURE	"	1 2	ORANGE PEKOE (Special Selected)	1 8

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Vienna Scent
Florida Water
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Bay Rum
Dr. Pierre's Dentifrice
Fiorilino
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Vinolia Soap
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Pears' Balls of sizes
French Soap, Assorted
Brilliantine
Atkinson's Scent, Assorted
Honey Water
Lavender Water
Glycerine Pomade
Piver's Eau de Opponax
Bloom of Roses
Qualin Powder
Extract of Elder Flowers
Golden Hair Wash
Eau de Figaro
Piver's Dentifrice
Champagnized Chalk
Camphorated Myrrh and Chalk
Rose Leaf Powder
Cuticura Soap
Honey Soap
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Rowland's Maccassar Oil
Cosmotique
Symth and Nephew Scent
Eau de Cologne
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Photocrene Pomade
Piver's Eau de Rose
Lepel's Elixis
Eau de Toilet
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BOLTON & COMPANY,

ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

LATEST MEDALS FOR EXCELLENCE AND PURITY.

GOLD MEDAL EMPIRE OF INDIA EXHIBITION OF 1895.
GOLD MEDAL EMPIRE OF INDIA EXHIBITION OF 1896.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

PAR EXCELLENCE THE LEADING BRAND OF INDIAN CIGARS.

UNRIVALLED IN QUALITY AND FLAVOR.

The nearest approach to a GENUINE HAVANNA.

BAHADURS No. 1.		BAHADUR "BOUQUETS"	No. 3.
BAHADURS No. 2.		BAHADUR "BOUQUETS"	No. 4.
BAHADURS No. 3.		BAHADUR REGALIAS.	
BAHADURS No. 4.		BAHADUR PRINCESSAS.	
BAHADUR "SPECIALS"	No. 1.	BAHADUR DAWSON'S	No. 1.
BAHADUR "SPECIALS"	No. 2.	BAHADUR DAWSON'S	No. 2.
BAHADUR "SPECIALS"	No. 3.	BAHADUR EXCELSIORS.	
BAHADUR "SPECIALS"	No. 4.	BAHADUR MANILLAS	No. 1.
BAHADUR "BOUQUETS"	No. 1.	BAHADUR MANILLAS	No. 2.
BAHADUR "BOUQUETS"	No. 2.	BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS.	

BAHADUR REEDS.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS, BAHADUR CIGARS,

McDOWELL AND CO.,

MADRAS.

ANEROID BAROMETERS AND THE WEATHER.

IT has been objected that the ANEROID is too sensitive of slight passing changes in the Weather, and raises false alarms, but we think this is preferable to grudging admission of change when it is impossible to think of going out—the sort of conduct to be expected from most Mercurial Barometers.

Besides you can carry an Aneroid about anywhere, in Camp, by train, on an Elephant or even a Camel, the movement will not injure it; but in the other kind the Mercury would certainly pump the end of the Tube out before it had been carried a mile.

	Rs.	a.
HALL BAROMETER in Fancy Bronze and Mahogany case, entire diameter 12 in. and 6 in. dial	24	0
HALL BAROMETER in plain Oak case, entire diameter 8 in. and 6 in. dial	25	0
HALL BAROMETER in fancy Oak case, entire diameter 11 in. and 8 in. dial, will open and bolt dial	30	0
TABLE BAROMETER, metal gilt and nickel case 3 in. dial	20	0
HALL BAROMETER, fancy carved Mahogany case, entire diameter 10 in. and 6 in. metal dial	22	0
HALL BAROMETER, metal case, entire diameter 6½ in. and 5 in. dial	35	0
HALL BAROMETER, fancy carved Mahogany, entire diameter 11 in. and 8 in. dial	35	0
HALL BAROMETER, plain Oak case, entire diameter 11 in. and 6½ in. dial	40	0
HALL BAROMETER, metal case, entire diameter 18 in. 3½ in. dial	75	0
HALL BAROMETER, nickel case, entire diameter 10 in. and 9 in. dial	70	0

POCKET MOUNTAIN ANEROIDS

FOR MEASURING ALTITUDES.

Consists of a Highly Sensitive Aneroid Barometer and a sliding Vernier for regulating the starting point. The index is marked with scale of feet extending up to 15,000. In ascending a mountain the needle will indicate the altitudes attained. In a Railway Journey over the Ghauts the traveller may see the wonderful Climb and Descent he is unconsciously accomplishing silently and faithfully verified by the needle of his Pocket Aneroid.

Rs. 80, Rs. 100 and Rs. 135.

THERMOMETERS

GUARANTEED ACCURATE.

	Rs.	a.
IN BOXWOOD 10½ in. Centigrade and Fahrenheit	3	8
IN FROSTED GLASS 10 in. ditto with brass mountings for fixing to wall	6	0

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY

DURING 11 YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1896.

Year.	New Assurances.	Net Premium Income.	Invested Funds.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1885	73,48,020	14,76,426	53,28,570
1896	1,58,50,446	39,09,890	2,07,07,563

It will thus be seen that in Eleven Years the Net Premium Income has nearly trebled, whilst the Funds have almost quadrupled, which remarkable expansion affords convincing testimony of Good Management and Successful Working, and promises splendid results in the future.

CHIEF AGENTS:—W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY

(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON

(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1850).

THE STRAITS INSURANCE CO., SINGAPORE (MARINE).
THE WORLD MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD.

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, FIRE, and MARINE RISKS.

Terms on Application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

"A SOVEREIGN REMEDY"

FOR SORE EYES, CHAFED SKIN, PILES, INSECT BITES, STINGS, SCALDS, CUTS, SUNBURN, EARACHE, NEURALGIC and RHEUMATIC PAINS, THROAT COLDS, and SKIN AILMENTS generally, is

CALVERT'S

CARBOLIC OINTMENT,

Large Pots, 13½d. each (English rate). Free from Animal Fat.

W. C. FITZGERALD, Chemist, Wellington, New Zealand, writes:—"It is without exception the best healing Ointment I ever used."

A CEYLON PLANTER writes:—"I used your Ointment myself, and for my estate coolies, who were much troubled with very ugly sores on their legs, and I know it to be a very valuable article."

F. C. CALVERT & CO., MANCHESTER,

AWARDED 76 GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS.

—DEWAR'S— —PERTH— —WHISKY.—

SOLE AGENTS:

LATHAM AND CO.,

ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. BUNDER ROAD, KARACHI.

RETAIL AGENT.—D. D. BARIA, Crawford Market.

FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

ED. BLANCHY & CO., BORDEAUX.

CELEBRATED WINES & BRANDIES.

CLARETS	WHITE WINES	BRANDIES.
MEDOC	GRAVES	COGNAC
ST. JULIEN	BARSAC	" " "
ST. ESTEPHE	SAUTERNE	" " "
MARGAUX		1884 Vintage, Specially recommended.

The Brandies of this Firm are recognised on the Continent and in England as equal to any of the well-known Brands; while the Wines are of exceptionally good value.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA:—

LATHAM & CO., Bunder Road, KARACHI. Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

DERMINA! DERMINA!!

WHAT is it? It is the only infallible cure for DHOBI-ITCH RINGWORM, and all PARASITICAL affections of the SKIN.

In using BEYNON'S "DERMINA" there is no Pain, no Dirt, no Greasy matter, no stained Clothing. No failure, but as Elegant, Clean, Painless, nicely scented liquid. Is instantaneous in long-standing the Skin affection, DERMINA sets thoroughly.

ONE RUPEE PER BOTTLE.

BEYNON & CO., (SOLE PROPRIETORS),

OPPOSITE "WATSON'S HOTEL,"

BOMBAY, and at POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE [illegible] to notify the public that he has ESTABLISHED a BOOKSELLER, and has opened his STABLES at BELLASIS ROAD, No. 18, opposite [illegible] Station, from the 1st instant, [illegible] a private [illegible] to Horse Hire, and will use every endeavour to give satisfaction to purchasers in securing good [illegible].

RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE CAPADIA.

Bombay, 9th July, 1897.

A MEETING of the remaining Subscribers to the BOMBAY CHURCH MISSION, will be held in the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, Apollo Bunder, on MONDAY next, at [illegible] for the purpose of WINDING UP the [illegible] or CONTINUING its PRESENT [illegible].

THOMAS H. GREIG,
Honorary Secretary.

16th July, 1897.

THE TEXTILE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INTERIM DIVIDEND, at the rate of Rs. (15) fifteen per share, for the year 1897, will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company, "SHAHA VISTA," Cumballa Hill, on and after TUESDAY, the 20th instant, to Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on the [illegible] instant.

By Order of the Board,
NOWROSJEE WADIA & SONS,
Agents.

The Textile Manufacturing Company, Limited.
Bombay, 15th July, 1897.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 689 of 1891.

FRANCIS LAW LATHAM, Esq., Advocate-General of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

(1) MUSHTAY ABDUL KADER JEHEAR (2) as MUSHTAY SALEH MAHOMED, (3) HAJI (4) SHAIK MAHOMED CURTAY (5) MUNSHI SHAIK AHMED DALVI (6) MA. HOSSEIN MUNSHI (7) MUNSHI MAHOMED ISMAIL MUCKBA (8) HAJI MAHOMED HUSSEIN HASHIM JETWAH (9) HAJI ABDULLA MUCKBA (10) HAJI TAYAB & HAJI MAHOMED IBRAHIM SHAIK BHEKAN (10) MAHOMED HOOSKIN CHOBGAY ..... Defendants.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ADJOURNED MEETING of the KOKNI JAMAT of BOMBAY will be held in the JUMA MUSJID on TUESDAY, the 7th day of September, 1897, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, under the presidency of Mr. Abbas Ali Baig, the Oriental Translator to the Government of Bombay and the Special Commissioner appointed herein for the purpose of transacting the following business :—

(1) To consider and adopt the Revised Scheme for the management of the affairs of the said Juma Musjid of Bombay as settled and approved by the High Court.

(2) To elect 11 Members as Mushawirs or Directors for the management of the affairs of the said Juma Musjid.

Any further information to the above can be had by any member of the said Jamat on application to the Undersigned, at their office, No. 8, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 15th day of July, 1897.

ARDESIR, HORMASJI & DINSHAW,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th July, at 4 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1897.

2nd.—To declare a Dividend.

3rd.—To elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of those who retire, but who are eligible for re-election.

4th.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 25th July to 14th August, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.

Bombay, July 17, 1897.

THE LEOPOLD SPINNING, BLEACHING, AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th July, at 4-40 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1897.

2nd.—To declare the declaration of a Dividend.

3rd.—To elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of those who retire, but who are eligible for re-election.

4th.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 25th July to 14th August, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.

Bombay, July 17, 1897.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th July, at 4-20 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1897.

2nd.—To declare the declaration of a Dividend.

3rd.—To elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of those who retire, but who are eligible for re-election.

4th.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 25th July to 14th August, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.

Bombay, July 17, 1897.

THE JAMES GREAVES MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIFTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th July, at 4-30 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1897.

2nd.—To declare a Dividend.

3rd.—To elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of those who retire, but who are eligible for re-election.

4th.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 25th July to 14th August, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.

Bombay, July 17, 1897.

THE CONNAUGHT MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th July, at 4-45 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1897.

2nd.—To declare a Dividend.

3rd.—To elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of those who retire, but who are eligible for re-election.

4th.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 25th July to 14th August, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.

Bombay, July 17, 1897.

THE HOWARD AND BULLOUGH MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th July, at 4-40 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1897.

2nd.—To declare a Dividend.

3rd.—To elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of those who retire, but who are eligible for re-election.

4th.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 25th July to 14th August, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, July 17, 1897.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of MOTIVARU, widow of THAKAR KANJI JERAJ, late of Bombay, a Hindu Inhabitant, deceased.

GORDHANDAS SUNDERDAS MULJI and GOCULDAS NARANJI, the executors named in the Will in the [illegible] ..... Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, Sir CHARLES ROBERTSON FARRAN, Knight, Chief Justice as aforesaid, at Bombay, the 13th day of July, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and ninety-seven, and in the Sixty-first Year of our Reign.

L. N. BANAJE,
Acting Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay

D. P. BINNING,
The 13th day of July, 1897.

Mosrs. MANSUKHLAL DAMODAR and JAMSETJI,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

THE BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered office of the Company, No. 5, Green Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 31st July, 1897, at 3 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance-Sheet made up to 30th June 1897.

2nd.—To declare a Dividend for the year.

3rd.—To elect a Director in the place of the Retiring one, but who is eligible for re-election.

4th.—To appoint an Auditor, and to fix his remuneration for the current year.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 21st July to 14th August, 1897 (both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
JEEWANDAS & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 15th July 1897.

AN EXCELLENT PAMPHLET
ON PLAGUE,
And the Remedies for its Cure.
By A. PEREIRA.

Can be had at Messrs. THACKER & Co., A. J. COMBRIDGE & Co. and ATMARAM SAGOON & Co., and at the [illegible].

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TIVOLI THEATRE.
MONDAY, JULY 19TH, 1897.
GRAND BENEFIT CONCERT,
Under the Patronage and Presence of
BRIG.-GENL. W. F. GATACRE, C.B., D.S.O.,
AND
AUSPICES OF THE THESPIAN CLUB.
Tendered by the Leading
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN AMATEURS
OF BOMBAY.

To Miss MAUDE HOWARTH, G.S.M., London, Pupil of Mr. H. Sims Reeves,
Principal Soprano of the late Willard Opera Co.
Full Programme in Future Issues.
PRICES :—Rs. 4, 2, and 1.
Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform. Half Price to 2nd and Back Seats.
Plan now open at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

INSURANCES.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED 1834.

THE CHEAPEST POSSIBLE FORM OF LIFE ASSURANCE,

Under which every man should Insure.

Rs. 5,000 payable at death. To cover the above, the following very small monthly payments must be made :—

Age next Birthday.	Premium.
20	Rs. 10 0 0
25	,, 11 0 8
30	,, 12 4 8
35	,, 13 12 0
40	,, 15 10 0

A Copy of the NEW PROSPECTUS, containing Rates for other Amounts, and all information regarding Life Assurance, will be furnished on application to

Messrs. KING, KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,
BOMBAY.

SUN LIFE OFFICE.

LONDON,

ESTABLISHED 1810.

ANNUITIES IMMEDIATE AND DEFERRED, ENDOWMENTS, INVESTMENT POLICIES, ACCIDENT ASSURANCES.

The fullest and latest information will be given regarding Assurances on application to

SAMUEL FITZE AND Co.,
Chief Agents.
65-67 Esplanade Road, Bombay.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £2,127,500 Sterling.
RESULTS OF 1895.

Net Premiums	£647,095
Profit—excluding Interest.	£104,176
Interest on Investments ...	33,001
	137,177
Dividends for Year	£42,550
Added to Reserves	94,627
	137,177

LOSSES paid during past TEN YEARS.
£4,202,433.

FINANCIAL PROGRESS.

	Premiums.	Reserve Funds.
1875	£251,516	£28,287
1885	490,012	351,657
1895	847,095	794,827

Insurances granted on all classes of risks in Bombay or the Mofussil. Surveys made and specifications of COTTON MILLS and other risks drawn up free of charge.

BOMBAY BRANCH OFFICE :—3, Forbes Street.
WM. D. GRAHAM,
Resident Secretary.

AGENTS :—
Messrs. DAVID SASSOON & Co.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£ 3,000,000
The GENERAL INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incig. RESERVE FUND.....	,, 3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.....	M 6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.....	,, 7,500,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.....	,, 6,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., of 1877, CAPITAL.....	,, 2,600,000
The BALOISE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Frs 10,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.....	,, 2,000,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incig. RESERVE FUND	£ 3,000,000
The NEW SWISS-LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.....	Frs 4,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.....	Fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.....	,, 2,000,000
The NETHERLANDS-INDIA SEA and FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL...	,, 2,250,000

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Agents.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Lebert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION NO. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious disease. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION NO. 2, for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints, secondary symptoms, disease of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, etc., to the destruction of the constitution, health and vitality of many. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION NO. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to debilitated frames.

THERAPION may be procured at 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d., per package of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the world. In ordering, the purchaser should ask for the genuine [illegible] he requires, and observe the above Registered Trade Mark, which is a facsimile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon. Commissioners and without which it is a forgery.

WHAT FINER CAN YOU DRINK THAN
JOHN JAMESON
& SONS' (DUBLIN)
"OWN CASED" VERY OLD BLACK-BOTTLE
WHISKEY.
Please see you get it with

METAL CAPSULES { BLUE.....One Star. PINK.....Two Stars. GOLD.....Three Stars.

OF ALL DEALERS.

Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.:—
C. DAY & CO., LONDON.

HAND-BOOK.
OF
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE

BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanes, and other Gnasdas Rights, with a Concise Account of the Settlements in Kaira, Mahikantha and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

PRICE.....Rs. 6.
Packing and Postage extra.
To be had of the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay.

NOTICES.

THE FRAMJEE PETIT SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND at the Rate of Rs. 30 thirty per Share will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Hornby Road, Fort, on and after SATURDAY, the 17th inst., to Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on the 13th instant.

By Order of the Board,
D. M. PETIT, SONS AND CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 13th July, 1897.

THE UNION SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND at Rs. 40 (Forty) per Share, free of Income-tax, for the year ending 31st December, 1896, will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 121, Meadows Street, Fort, (next to Messrs. Ralli Brothers) on and after MONDAY, the 19th day of July, 1897, between the hours of 12 and 3 P.M. to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on SATURDAY, the 10th of July, 1897, on production of their Share Certificates.

By Order,
For the Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ld.,
LANG & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

Bombay, 12th July, 1897.

ESTATE COL. E. S. REYNOLDS, DECEASED.

Pursuant to Section 42 Act XXVII of 1865.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having Claims against the late EDWARD SWATMAN REYNOLDS, Colonel, Indian Staff Corps, who died at Ismailia, in the County of Egypt, on the 25th day of November, 1896, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to STANLEY HUMPHERY, Major, Gloucestershire Regiment, are requested to send in the same to Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co. of Bombay, within one month from this date, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the said Estate having regard only to the claims of which Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co. shall then have received notice, and no claim will be entertained by him unrecognised, and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said securities or property to the said Messrs. Grindlay, Groom and Co., whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co.,
Attornies for Maj. S. Humphery, Administrator to Estate.
Bombay, 15th June, 1897.

LIST of ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been granted to the Administrator-General, Bombay, and of Estates which have come under his charge.

ESUBAI, woman, late of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant.
LILLADHUR WALJI, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
GOOLAM HYDER, late of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant.
THOMAS PATRICK GROGAN, late a Major in Her Majesty's 3rd Queen's Own Bombay Light Cavalry.
MULJI HUREDAS, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant.
KARA HERJI, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
J. S. WAKEMAN, late a Guard in the employ of the G. I. P. Railway Company.
ELI HINGLEY, late of Bombay, European Inhabitant.
OLIVER LONGCROFT DOWNES, late a Lieutenant in Her Majesty's 7th Bombay Cavalry.
ABDULALLI ISMAILJI, late of Bombay, Borah Inhabitant.
ALEXO JOAQUIM PAIS, late Gaoness Butler in the employ of E. A. Bulkley, Esq., District Superintendent of Police, Dhulia.
DHARAMBEY RAMDAS and JAMKOOBAI, his widow, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants.
DAMODAR NANA KATKAR, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
NURBAI, woman, late of Bombay, Cutchi Memon Inhabitant.
MERWANJI DADABHOY Nowsariwalla, late of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant.
BHIMAJI late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estates, are hereby requested to make their claims, pay their debts or hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his office within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed, and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

LOUIS P. RUSSELL,
Acting Administrator-General.

Administrator-General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 3rd July, 1897.

DECCAN BANKING AND AGENCY CORPORATION, LIMITED,
MADRAS AND BOMBAY.

CAPITAL.....Rs. 10,00,000.

GUARANTEED PENSION AND ENDOWMENT DEPARTMENT.

Any male or female by paying a subscription of Rs. 5 per month for 15 consecutive years, can secure, after such fifteen years, a pension of Rs. 10 per month till his death, and after death his nominee will be entitled to receive the full amount of subscriptions paid to the Corporation plus compound interest at Rs. 6½ per cent. per annum.

EXPLANATORY TABLE SHOWING PROFIT TO THE SUBSCRIBERS.

In Years.	Actual sum paid by a Subscriber by monthly instalments of Rs. 5.	In the event of his withdrawal or discontinuance a subscriber shall receive Rs.
10	900	784
11	960	901
12	720	1,020
13	780	1,143
14	840	1,274
15	900	1,413*

*After the pensioner's death this amount will be paid to his nominee. A subscriber may pay as much more subscriptions as he likes in this DEPARTMENT on the above scale.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGE.—Loans.—Subscribers of this Department will get loans from the Corporation repayable by 25 monthly instalments.

Banking & General Agency business of every description transacted. Shares are still available. For Handbook of full information and other particulars, apply to—

PARULEKER & Co.,
5, Patel Street, Fort, Bombay. Local Agents.

KEATING'S POWDER.
KEATING'S POWDER.
KEATING'S POWDER.
KEATING'S POWDER.
KEATING'S POWDER.
KEATING'S POWDER.

This Powder, so celebrated, is utterly unrivalled in destroying BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, and all insects, (whilst perfectly harmless to all animal life). All woollens and furs should be well sprinkled with the Powder before placing away. It is invaluable to take to the Seaside. To avoid disappointment insist upon having "Keating's Powder." No other Powder is effectual.

KILLS { BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES.

Unrivalled in destroying FLEAS, BUGS COCKROACHES, BEETLES, MOTHS in FURS, and every other species of insects. Sports men will find this invaluable for destroying fleas in the dogs. It is also iodine for their sores.

The PUBLIC are CAUTIONED that every package of the genuine powder bears the autograph of THOMAS KEATING. Without this any article offered is a fraud. Sold in Tins and Bottles only.

WORMS.—"CHILDREN'S."
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WORMS.—"CHILDREN'S."

Keating's Worm Tablets is a unique medicine (A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT) both in appearance and taste furnishing a most agreeable method of administering a certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is perfectly safe and mild, especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles, by all Druggists.

Proprietor, THOMAS KEATING, London.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."
CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED
BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER FOR CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from ALL IMPURITIES it cannot be too highly recommended.

Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It

Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter.
From whatever cause arising.

It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. It removes at once the cause from the Blood and System.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Translation of letter from Fiji.

The Laundry, Nasinu, Fiji, 1st November.

"My Friend,—I write to you to-day to tell you about my illness. I love you very much to-day because the medicine you gave to me. Three months I was very ill, truly, because of my leg I could not plant yams, I could not go fishing, I could see of the sea; but now I am quite well again. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I beg you, Mr. Bunsford, give me one more bottle, as the most of bills is near.

"Preparation Day (Saturday), Bua, Vanual Levu.

"Explanation of above Letter.

"In Fiji, at certain times of the year, both the European residents and the natives themselves break out in boils, which, if not immediately seen to, not infrequently develop into terrible running sores. At these times I can confidently assert that I know of no better medicines than Clarke's Blood Mixture, which I have used with unfailing success both among my white and black neighbours," Mr. Bunsford's letter from "Jonathan," a Christianised Fijian, speaks for itself. For three months he had been almost a cripple, and yet two or three bottles completely set him up. In ordinary cases even a lesser quantity will effect a cure.—I am dear Sir, yours faithfully.

"T. EDGCUMBE DUNSFORD,
46 Leicester-square, London, W.C.,
"31 Yard, 1892.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE DEALERS throughout the World. Sole Proprietors, THE NEWCASTLE AND COUNTRY DRUG COMPANY, Limited, Newcastle-on-Tyne, England.

Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

LARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes offered. Observe the Trade Mark, the words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Newcastle, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture" on the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 69 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits & Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses :—

DEUTZ & GELDERMANN	Ay.
NATH JOHNSTON & SONS	Bordeaux.
J. SACOONE	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS	Bordeaux.
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
POMMERY AND GRENO	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
BOLLINGER & Co.	Aye.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL	Leith.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
RUINART PERE ET FILS	Rheims.
KIBD AND SHADBOLT	London.
P. VALCKENBERG	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAI	Cotes d'Or.
J. & R. GRANT	Rothes.
ACKERMANN LAURANCE	Saumur
ANDREW ROWAN	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL	Budapest.
R. SCHLUMBERGER	Vosiau.
JAMES CATHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. R. EDDISON & Co.	London.
EMIL POHL & Co.	London.
W. DOYLE	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, &c., from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PERRIER JOUET & CO.'S
"B." BRAND
CHAMPAGNE,
In Magnums, Quarts and Pints.

LYON & CO.,
Sole Agents, Bombay.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE :—14, Rue Bergere,
LONDON 62 :—Threadneedle Street, E.C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL ...Fcs. 100,000,000 (£4,000,000).

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Calcutta, Bombay, Yanes, San Francisco, Chicago, New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney, Tamatave and Tannanarive.

Current Deposit Accounts are opened and Interest is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000. Rates to be learnt on application.

Special arrangements may be obtained on application.

Deposit Accounts are Opened for Fixed Periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letters of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 1, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and forwarding Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof wherein travellers can deposit valuables whilst they do not wish to take to the hotels, further Storage and Package of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends Drawn, etc., on Government Paper, and other Securities by Customers without charge if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper Gold, Silver, and Produce.

H. JOLY,
Acting Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£800,000
RESERVE FUND.....	£375,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£800,000

HEAD OFFICE.
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

Bombay.	Singapore.	Hankow.
Calcutta.	Bangkok.	Foochow.
Rangoon.	Kwala Lumpor.	Manila.
Colombo.	Batavia.	Yokohama.
Penang.	Sourabaya.	Kobe.
Thalping.	Hongkong.	Tientsin.
Deli (Sumatra).	Shanghai.	

The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credit; and undertake general banking business.

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for TWELVE MONTHS AT 4 PER CENT. per annum and for shorter periods at rates which may be ascertained on application.

T. FRASER,
Acting Agent.

Bombay Agency, Esplanade Circle.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE :—MADRAS.

BRANCHES.—London, Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindee and Rangoon.

Sub-Branches Murree and Ranipottai.

BANKERS and AGENTS throughout India, Burmah, Ceylon and in London, Edinburgh and Dublin.

CAPITAL (Subscribed) ..... Rs. 40,00,000
RESERVES and REST ..... ,, 16,00,000

LOCAL BOARD :—
FAZULBHOY YUSUFF, Esq. C.I.E. ROOPJEE JEHANGIER GRAMADI, Esq.
SASSOON J. DAVID, Esq.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received at 4½ per cent. per annum for 12 months.

SPECIAL RATES are offered for short term deposits during the busy season.

PRUDENTIAL FUND.—Monies are received into this account bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNT.—For Home Remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hoondies and Currency Notes payable where the Bank has Branches, are Collected and Credited free of charge. Loans and Cash Credits granted on Security of Goods, Produce, Shares, House Property, &c.

Bills and Promissory notes discounted.

Investment Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange under Code with London Bankers.

Apply for Rates of business to Head Office or Branches.

By Order,
C. HERESFORD,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay 8th February, 1897.

CREDIT LYONNAIS.

ESTABLISHED 1863.

CAPITAL (fully paid) Fcs. 200,000,000 = £8,000,000
RESERVE FUND...Fcs. 40,000,000 = £1,600,000

BOMBAY BRANCH : ESPLANADE ROAD.

CENTRAL OFFICE : PARIS. HEAD OFFICE : LYONS.

BRANCHES as in all the principal Towns of France and Algiers

LONDON OFFICE : 66, Lombard Street, E.C.
WEST END BRANCH : 46 Cockspur Street, S.W.
BRANCH IN CALCUTTA.

FOREIGN BRANCHES.

Alexandria, St. Petersburg, Madrid, Brussels, Constantinople Odessa, Berlin, Amsterdam, Geneva, Belgrade, Port Said, Odessa, Jerusalem.

THE CREDIT LYONNAIS, BOMBAY BRANCH, sells Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on all parts of the world, negotiates and collects Bills and Coupons on the English and Foreign Powers.

Receives Deposits at 4 per cent. per annum.

Opens Current Accounts on terms to be arranged.

Grants Letters of Credit, payable at any of the Branches of the Credit Lyonnais.

Receives Securities for safe custody and collects interests or dividends on the same on conditions to be arranged.

Grants Loans against approved Securities, or for fixed periods on Bonds paper, approved of.

Buys and sells Bullion and Specie.

Receives Money on Current Account, or for fixed periods at rates which may be ascertained on application.

G. TROST,
Manager.

BLANDY BROS. & LATHAM & CO.,

MADEIRA & LONDON.
MADEIRAS. PORTS. SHERRIES.
SOLE AGENTS FOR WESTERN INDIA :—
Bunder Road, KARACHI.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.
HEAD OFFICE : 29, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

INTENDING ASSURERS are invited to compare the RATES and CONDITIONS of the "EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE OFFICE" with those of any other Company.

In order to give greater security to the Policy-holders, it has been provided in the Articles of Association that two of the Members of the Board of Directors may be elected by the Policy-holders from amongst themselves, and thus have a voice in its Management. THIS CONCESSION IS NOT ALLOWED IN ANY OTHER PROPRIETARY INSTITUTION.

The premiums are so moderate that at most of the insuring ages the average premium at present charged by offices doing business in India for a Policy for Rs. 1,000 will secure in the "Empire of India Life Office" an Assurance of Rs. 1,200 to Rs. 1,300, the difference of Rs. 200 to Rs. 300 being equivalent to an increase in the sum assured of Rs. 20 to Rs. 30 per cent.

ANNUAL PAYMENTS REQUIRED FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES.
FOR Rs. 1,000 (With Profits).

|

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
				Rs.	
INDIAN MARKET.					
Bombay (L. Bom- bay)	20,000	500	all	10 p. c. | 1.50m. |	1,205
Bank of Bombay	60,000	50	all	30 pr. ct.	1,312½
Bombay Mercantile	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,275
Commercial & Ld. Mer.....	10,000 | 15,000	100 | 10	75 | 75	10 p.c.	148
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	1,00,000	25	all	3 pr. ct.	30
Charter Bank...	40,000	420	420	7 pr. ct.	42
Hongkong and S'hai B'k'g Corporation	50,000	£125	all	£12½.	305
National Bank of India.....	40,000	£25	£12½	6pr. ct.	305

PRESS COMPANIES.

					Yearly	
Akbar		200	1,200	1,200	75	1,156
Albert Gimtra Co.		100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	45
Albert (Kurra- chee)		200	1,100	1,100	Rs 80	1,600
Bellasy		167	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 p. c.	201
Bhownagree City Press's 2nd edn. Cotton		550	250	250	25	275
Bombay Cwn- pore Print- ing Co., Ld.		1,000	125	125	dv Rs12½	140
Branch City Press Co., Ld.		800	200	200	14	1921
Broach City Press Co., Ld.		600	200	200	dvd Rs25	220
Colaba		500	1,850	1,850	dvd Rs15	205
East India		350	1,000	1,000	75	1,350
English Print- ing and Manfg.		400	200	...	dvd Rs 8	85
Fort		150	8,500	500	25 + 50	1,100
Francis		300	...	300	dvd Rs20	513
Harvey and Sahapathy		450	450	500	dvd Rs40	357½
Himmti Press Co., Ld.		700	100	100	dvd Rs11	127½
Khanderao		700	450	450	Rs 40	450
Mahratta Print- ing Co., Ld.		300	200	all	15 pr. ct.	255
Ma h a n d'gam Cotton Ld. and P. Co., Ld.		200	500	500	50	70
Moreonille		1,000	125	125	dvd Rs 4	70
Mulchand Co.		1,000	100	100	dvd Rs20	370
Munsur & Co.		1,000	250	all	10	210
New Bomb'....		1,500	600	600	dvd Rs60	675
New India		4,000	125	125	dvd Rs 9	169
Prince of Wales.		100	400	400	25	35
Sabapathy Bethavu		500	200	75	30	385
Samson		300	500	500	30	585
Sind and Pun- jab Co.		100	1,000	1,000	200	2,250
Sind		400	2,000	750	50	520
Surat Woollen Mills		1,200	250	250	Nil.	75
Surat City Press Co., Ld.		37	200	all	12	21
Vakharia		..	..	..	10dvd Rs10	1,125

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly	
Ahmedabad ad v.	700	1,000	1,000	Nil.	700
Asseroe	1,76	1,100	all		630
Anglo-Indian	1,76	...	100	Nil	53
Arrungabad & M. Co., Ld.	618	1,000	1,000	50	1,000
Bellary S. & W. Co., Ld. (Bel- lary)	871	60	all	9 per ct.	
Bombay Unit- ed	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	750
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co. ..	900	500	500	dvd Rs.30	653
Bombay Na- tional Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000		600
Bombay Mill- Central India	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs.6	1,500
Chinn Mills Co.	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 30	840
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,075
Coimbatore S. and W	6,000	100	100	9 pr ct	125
Gennaughy Mills	800	500	500	25	750
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	...	dvd Rs.12	800
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.35	575
Currimbhoy Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.60	1,085
Dalrol Mill	1,400	50	500	dvd Rs.30	535
Edward Mills	1,000	500	1,000	50	510
Empress	2,000	50	50	dvd 50	630
Framjee Jeejee- bhoy	1,250	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30	730
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.3	675
Hingangha Mills	700	500	500	40	670
Howard and Bullough's	1,200	500	500	25	735
Hope Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50	650
Hyderabad	750	1,000	1,000	40	1,000
Imperial Cotton	900	50	500	dvd Rs.12	535
Indian Manfg.	800	1,000	1,000	50	1,200
Indo-China Manufac tur- ing Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	850
James Greaves	1,170	5,0	500	7½	1,170
Jaffer Ali	600	500	500	dvd Rs.20	225
Jamshed Manu- facturing Co.	1,800	250	250	dvd Rs.10	235
Jeevanji Jam- shed	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.3	855
Jubilee	843	1,000	1,000	20	575
Kamani Co., Ld.	750	1,50	500	dvd Rs.3½	860
Khandelah & Bhangaram Co.	400	270	350	Nil	950
Khatao Ma- kanjee	1,700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.35	775
Lonepal	2,500	100	100	dvd Rs.10	265
Lord Reay Mfg.	445	1,000	1,000	20	775
Laxmidas Khi- mjee & Wea- ving Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,050
Madras United	55	1,000	1,000	dvd 100	3,500
Mahalkhmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	475
Mahboob Shah Mills (Guls- tan) Ld	8,000	50	500	15 pr ct.	...
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.60	2,175
Mazagon	3,000	250	250	dvd Rs 5	125
Morarji Gocul- das	1,650	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.75	2,225
Muir & Co., Ld.	4,000	250	500	dvd Rs.15	330
Madura Mills	1,770	100	100	Nil	par
National	300	1,000	1,000	Nil	125
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	550
Oriental	5,72	625	625	dvd Rs25	385
Presidency Mills, Co. Ld.	743	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	1,275
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 8	900
Ripon Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs20	1,270
Simpson	1,075	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs8	1,015
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,940
Soonderdas	150	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	1,000
Southern India	1,200	500	500	15	165
Southern Mah- ratta	1,212	250	250	dv Rs.12½	260
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	dvd Rs.70	345
Standard Mills Co.	1,000	500	500	25	370
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	650
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	dvd Rs.15	655
Sassoon and Allidina	3,000	500	500	dvd Rs.15	625
Union Spinning and Manufac- turing Co.	500	1,000	1,000	50	55
Union Mills Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30	560
Vishnu Laxmi- bhai					
Lukhmi- shunker Mills Co.	800	1,000	900	dvd Rs40	410cd.
Victoria Mills.	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	500com.
Western India.	1,300	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.35	700
Wadia Mills ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	...	...

MISCELLANEOUS

				Half yearly.	
Alcock Ash- down	1,75	100	100	dvd Rs15	175
Asiatic Fire In- surance Co. Ld	20,000	1,000	100	...	91
Back Bay Boats	50	50	50	12	45
Badhan Pilo ..	5,000	100	100	12	170
Bombay & Per- sian Steam Navigation Corporation..	1,000	500	375	625	75
Do. New Issue.					
Bombay Trad- ing Corporation..	1,000	2,500	1,250	300	6,050
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	75	1,650
Bombay Iron Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	dvd 30	55
Bombay Land and Building Co. Ld.	400	500	500	5pr. ct	501
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	1,300
Cowasji Dinshaw Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	203
Delhi and Nor- thern Flour Mills.	1,250	200	20	dvd Rs12	215
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.	2,250	250	250	6 pr. ct.	375
Indian Guaran- tee Surety Ship Assn ...	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	20
John Roberts & Co.	1,250	100	100	10 pr. ct.	200
Kemp & Co. ...	4,000	200	175	21	378
Kurrachee Landing	500	400	300	3	183
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	10	dvd Rs15	183
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	40
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	90
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance ...	6,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	145
Phillips & Co.	1,000	100	100	dvd Rs 6	90
P & L Canning Co.	6 000	2,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	305
Soundy & Co..	1,000	100	100	9	60
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	500	60	1,120
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	135	135
Telephone Co...	9,200	251	100	dvd Rs11	22cd

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Sugar.
G. I. P. R. Con- solidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 p. c.
B. B. & C. I. R.	...	£ 18	...	do.
Ahmedabad Prantej	4,000	500	500	...
Do. Tapti Valley	20,000	50	20	...

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Gold	Rs.	15-10	
China Leaf	"	258	Nomi.
Paris, Leaf Gold, old	"	21-1	...
Do. do. new	"	35	
Australia, bar Gold	"	26-6	
Bombay bar Gold	"	25-1	
Sovereigns	"	10-3	
Do.	"	10-2	
Silver 17	"	78	
Do. 178	"	78	

THE Madras Season Reports in this week's local *Gazette*, are of a very dispiriting character, says the *Madras Mail*. The numbers on relief have risen, we understand, to something over 700,000, as against 624,513 the previous week, though owing to incomplete returns from Kurnool and Vizagapatam the actual number figuring in the Reports amounts to Rs. 672,305. The present is indeed an anxious time, both for the Government and for the people of this Presidency. The sudden stoppage of the monsoon in the area where it is most wanted is causing acute distress and lively apprehensions of evil times to come. It is not yet too late for hope; but if the next fortnight is as unpropitious as the last a great calamity will be staring us in the face in Southern India. The Board of Revenue's season telegram shows that prices are rising to a very serious degree, having increased 10 per cent. in the Deccan during the week. A large addition has had to be made to the area of distress in Vizagapatam, and the Collector reports:—"Season very unfavourable, prospects very bad, position serious." Even in the Districts of Kistan and Godavery the Collectors report shows the poorer classes to be "in considerable straits." Such crops as exist are in a precarious condition where unprotected by irrigation; and the fodder difficulty is becoming more and more acute, especially in the Deccan, where the cattle are dying from starvation in some places.

LIVER COMPLAINTS.—Dr. King's Dandelion and Quinine Liver Pills, the old English Medicine without mercury, are still the best remedy for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sicker's Shoulder Pains, Indigestion, &c.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 32m.. Sun sets, 6h. 40m. High water, 1-12 m., 1-36 a. Low water, 6-49m., 7-42a.

P. and O. s. s. Britannia, with English mails of the 2nd inst., due to arrive, 5 a.m.

CRICKET.

Ralli Brothers vs. John Bright.
Y. M. C. A. vs. A. and N. Stores.
Y. M. C. A. vs. Islam Gymkhana.
Ordnance vs. Marine Battalion.
B. B. and C. I. Railway vs. Parsee Gymkhana.
Telegraph vs. R. I. M.
Hindu Gymkhana vs. Bombay Gymkhana.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 5h. 32m. Sun sets, 6h. 39m. High water, 1-50m., 2-15a. Low water, 7-30m., 8-19a.

CRICKET.

Hindu Gymkhana vs. Lord Ripon C. C.

LECTURE.—A lecture will be delivered in the Church Mission Hall, Girgaum, this evening, at 6.30, by Professor Wellnkar, B.A., LL.B. Subject: "Christian Theism."

THE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.—A public lecture will be delivered by Mr. F. G. Sutcliffe at the Bhavatsky Lodge, Theosophical Society, Bombay Branch, 37, Hornby Road, Fort, to-morrow (Sunday), at 6 p.m. Subject: "The Science of the Times."

A MISSING INSANE MAN.—Rajoobai, a Hindu woman, residing at the 2nd Street, Kamatipura, has reported to the police that her husband, named Kishnapa, Venkoo, aged sixty years, who is said to have been suffering from insanity, left home on the morning of the 11th instant, and since then no trace of him could be found.

RASH DRIVING.—Jugi Kur, a victoria driver, was, yesterday, brought up before Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, on the charge of rash and negligent driving at Thakordwar, on Thursday last. Accused is driving at a fast speed and knocked down an old woman who was going along the road at the time. He was fined Rs. 40.

CONTEMPT OF COURT.—At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Premji Tulsidas, a Hindu, was charged with contempt of court in that he disregarded the order of his Worship, passed on the 10th instant, to vacate a certain room. The charge being proved, he was fined Rs. 50, with the alternative of 21 days' simple imprisonment.

IN GRATIARUM ACTIONE.—A solemn High Mass, followed by Te Deum and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, will be sung by the parishioners (residents of Cavel) of the Cathedral of our Lady of Hope, to-morrow (Sunday), at 7.30 a.m., in honour of the Sacred Heart of Jesus, as thanksgiving for the subsidence of the plague in Bombay. Father Waterath will preach.

BANDORA CHURCH NEWS.—To-morrow (Sunday) there will be solemn Mass in honour of Our Lady of Mt. Carmel. High Mass, followed by sermon and solemn Benediction, will be at 7 a.m. The St. Paul's Band, under the baton of Mr. Joseph Swamy, will sing Jos. Chennemoz' Mass. Mr. Jewli Poswalty, the president of this feast, has postponed the celebration of this feast owing to the unavoidable absence of the Rev. F. Saldanha, the Vicar.

ASSAULTING AN IRANI.—A. A. De Silva, a Native Christian, was, yesterday, placed before Mr. Webb, at the Esplanade Police Court, on a charge of assaulting Boman Behram, an Irani shopkeeper. Accused made some purchases at the Irani shop, and on that occasion, saying that he forgot to take back the change. Complainant averred that he had returned him two two-anna pieces. Accused would not accept this statement, and threw a bottle on his head. The Irani was injured and conveyed to hospital. The accused was fined Rs. 20, with an option of 14 days' rigorous imprisonment.

RESULT OF BAD COMPANY.—Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Mahadani Hurry Joshee, a Hindu, was charged with theft of copper and brass pots of the value of Rs. 40, the property of one Chundumull Hajarimull, a Marwaree lad, residing at Mazagon, Mr. Kapadia, pleader, defended the accused. It being alleged that accused made a report to the police on Thursday evening that the accused, who is his landlord, sent him to buy some plaintains, and during his absence the accused carried away the property. The police instituted an inquiry, and it was then ascertained that complainant's father had gone to his native country, leaving the business in charge of the compainant. During the father's absence the lad contracted bad company and squandered money in gambling, and that on the evening in question he obtained a loan of Rs 8 from the accused by pledging the above pots with him. It was proved conclusively by the defence by oral as well as documentary evidence that the property in question had been pledged by the complainant with the accused for Rs. 8. His Worship on his evidence, discharged the accused, and fined complainant Rs. 20 for bringing a false charge against him and ordered the amount of fine to be paid to accused as compensation.

THANA NEWS.—A correspondent, writing on the 15th instant, says:—Rao Saheb Narayen Bhowanirao Powghi, Mamlatdar of Salsette, has purchased a large quantity of common rice and sent to the village patels, to distribute it free to the distressed and destitute people of the Khatiran Mahal (between Kalwa Belanore) in the Thana taluka.—At a meeting of the inhabitants of Andheri, held in the school building on Saturday last, Mr. C. W. Hudson, Acting Assistant Magistrate of Bassein, presented a valuable shawl to Azam Sadashiv Harichandar, police patel of Andheri, as a token of appreciation of his services during the prevalence of the epidemic, also a turban to the patel of Kanakia.—The plague authorities have appointed a special policeman to destroy all the pigs found straying in the streets of Thana. The man shot down twenty days belonging to the native Christians of Thana.—Inquest on Monday last.—The case of Lewis Elias, the priest, and three other Jews, who have been charged with committing mischief, criminal trespass, and theft by Gubbay or the headman of the community, was brought before the Hazur Deputy Collector and First Class Magistrate, Thana, yesterday, who postponed the proceedings for further evidence. Meantime the accused have been liberated on bail.—Mr. T. Dadson, Forest Officer, Bassein Division, and Mr. A.G. Adie, Forest Officer, Kalyan Division, in the Thana District, have passed the examination in Marathi language according to the higher standard on the 2nd instant.—An Agree, named Dadoba Nanaji, who was suffering from contagious diseases for a long time past, committed suicide by drowning himself in a pond near Walker's bungalow on the Sandhurst Road, on Tuesday last.—Cholera has broken out severely among the inhabitants of Danda, near Bandora, lately. The inhabitants, mostly fishermen, are now leaving the place in large numbers. There were ten cases of cholera in Tembi Sheri on Tuesday and seven on Tuesday last. The inmates of the house, belonging to the cholera patients, were sent out to the segregation camp by the plague authorities.

FODDER FAMINE AT INDORE.

GRASS, writes a correspondent, which in ordinary years, sells for five to seven rupees per thousand bundles is now being sold at 30 rupees per thousand. At this high rate only a few rich men of high classes can afford to buy fodder. The poorer classes have practically no subsistence which is worth mentioning to place before the general public and the scientific investigators. Executive officers will also find it a useful device. It is therefore given here:—Take the green leaves of the Khajuri or bastard-date palm, cut off the spikes at the tips of the leaflets; then beat or macerate them on a log of wood with a wooden batten and cut them into small pieces. Over this stuff sprinkle a little water mixed with salt, and place the stuff before the animals in troughs or baskets. Can any gentleman or will the Reporter on Raw products with the Government of India supply the public with his opinion on the effect on the constitution of the poor beasts?

THE famine returns from Bengal, as published in the "Gazette of India" still continue to show the same curious features as regards persons on works and those gratuitously relieved; but the disproportion in the numbers, to which we called attention a short time ago, has become even more marked in the last few weeks. The tables show that instead of the two classes being about equal as in the middle of June, there were in the week ending July 3rd over 441,000 persons on the gratuitous relief list as compared with less than 299,000 on works. In other Provinces affected by famine the proportion hitherto preserved has been 3 workers to 1 person gratuitously relieved. In Madras, where distress has become more widespread of late, this proportion was still preserved on the 3rd instant. In the North-West Provinces, Banda on that day showed, with one exception, the largest number of persons relieved in any district in India, and here to about 154,000 workers there were only 52,000 on the other list. How is it that Bengal alone of all the Provinces should find it necessary to have to maintain so many non-workers? Bombay has a famine in the Deccan districts, but it has 269,000 workers out on its lists, total of 321,000 persons on its lists. With the spread of the monsoon the proportion of 1 to 3 is not likely to be maintained, as the able-bodied men will find field labour at once, and equality between the numbers of workers and non-workers will be quickly established. Then the former class will sink in numerical strength below the latter, until gradually the works will be closed, and the old proportion will be reversed. We know how difficult it is to close the gratuitous relief lists after they have been open for many months, but we fail to see why the district of Nadia in Bengal should have nearly 63,000 non-workers to 38,000 workers, while Sholapur in Bombay has only 8,700 to 98,000. The idle population in the Nadia District must be having a very comfortable time of it, apparently.

SPECIALITE FOR THE SKIN—Purest, most emollient and most hygienic of all soaps—The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial luxury for the toilet, bath and nursery; and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, absolutely pure. A boon to sensitive skins. Indispensable for children. Creamy lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Asthma.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Bronchitis.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Lung Diseases.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Night Coughs.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Influenza.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Sure Remedy.
Powell's Balsam of Aniseed.—Coughs.—Safe and Reliable.
Trade Mark—Lion, Net, and Mouse.
Established 1824. Sold by Chemists throughout the world, in bottles, at 1½d. and upwards.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE PARSONS.

HIGH COURT JUDGES DIFFERING IN OPINION.

IMPERATRIX VS. SHOMA CHATUR.

THIS was an application for revision of a decision of Mr. Manishanker Lalljashanker, second-class magistrate of Matar, District Kaira, who convicted the accused of theft in a dwelling house, and sentenced him to rigorous imprisonment for one day and to pay a fine of Rs. 30, in default to suffer further rigorous imprisonment for one month. On appeal, Mr. H. W. Bagnell, acting District Magistrate of the Kaira District, confirmed the conviction, but reduced the fine, which had been paid, from Rs. 50 to Rs. 25. Mr. R. V. Desai appeared for the accused; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

The complainant Bhanna Khana, a Dhed by caste and a convert to Christianity, was indebted in a large sum of money to the accused, alleged to be a rich Bania of high caste. The accused made several demands for the debt, but the complainant would not pay it. On the day on which the theft was said to have been committed, the accused went to the complainant's houses and asked for his money. The complainant refused to pay, and with the help of some of his missionary friends, tried to annoy the accused, who threatened to file a suit and went home. On the third day after this, the complainant preferred a charge of theft against the accused, alleging that the latter had tried to take away from his house two copper pots. The magistrate of Kaira refused to proceed upon the complaint sent the case for investigation to the chief constable, and on receiving the report, called upon the complainant to show cause why the complainant should not be dismissed. The magistrate referred to was succeeded by another, who heard the complaint of the complainant, convicted the accused, and sentenced him as mentioned above.

The appeal in the case was heard before Mr. Justice Candy and Mr. Justice B. Tyabjee, who urged before their lordships, on behalf of the accused, that it was in the highest degree improbable that a rich Bania of high caste as the accused was, would enter the house of a Dhed and carry away his pots. The accused had been acquitted and did not amount to an offence, having regard to the circumstances of the case, and no dishonest intention could be inferred from the alleged act. He went to demand his just debt, and it would be grossly wrong to convict him for any hasty act he might have thoughtlessly done in the confusion of the moment. It was further urged that it was ridiculous to suppose that a rich Bania, on advancing a loan of Rs. 8 to the money to an individual, would go and rob him of a couple of copper pots, the value of which was next to nothing.

Mr. Justice Candy, in giving his decision, said the facts found by the lower courts were that the accused took from the possession of complainant's wife two copper pots with a view to compel the complainant to pay to him the debt, he (the accused) claimed. It was found that he took the pots, he intended to dishonestly deprive complainant of the possession of them. After a very short interval, on being spoken to by one Khengar, he repented of his dishonest intention, and re-replaced the pots. In his lordship's opinion, the smallest amount of moving would satisfy the requirements of the term "move" in section 378, Indian Penal Code. The pots were taken dishonestly, with the intention of depriving the possessor of the possession of them. That was the intention of the accused at the time of moving them; and his words and acts clearly showed that. He did not merely mean to frighten the complainant's wife. According to the evidence, he would not have replaced the pots had not Khengar remonstrated with him. Had he replaced the pots before moving away from the house, then there might have been ground for holding that the dishonest intention was not completed; but this was not so. Considering that the accused so soon repented of his dishonest intention, his lordship thought the ends of justice would have been met if the fine, leaving the one day's imprisonment untouched; and his lordship was now prepared to do so. It would be a most dangerous principle, if, in the present case, the court reversed the conviction on the ground that, after all, the theft was "such a little one."

Mr. Justice B. Tyabjee differed in opinion from his learned colleague. The accused was alleged to have removed two copper pots for the purpose of selling them by pawnbroker, but after having gone away a few paces, is said to have returned and to have replaced the pots on the threshold of the complainant's house. In fact his removal of the pots was complete and he was convicted of theft and sentenced. Looking at the facts of the case, the trumpery nature of the alleged offence and the circumstances under which the prosecution was instituted, his lordship had no doubt that it was not a *bona fide* prosecution for the vindication of public justice, or for obtaining redress against any real wrong. The prosecution did not seem to be voluntarily or spontaneously started, and the complaint was not lodged till these days after the alleged offence. The case was evidently an attempt on the part of a defaulting debtor to turn the tables upon his creditor. Assuming that the pots were removed, his lordship was further of opinion that, under the circumstances of the case, the removal did not amount to theft. But if it did technically amount to theft, his lordship was clearly of opinion that the whole affair was so trivial and of such a trumpery character that the complaint ought to have been summarily rejected by the magistrate. It was his lordship's mind intolerable that the complainant, who was admittedly a debtor of the accused, should be allowed to harass and annoy his creditor by bringing against him such a serious and disgraceful charge as theft, and thus ruining his character for ever. The process of law was there for the dignity of the law, it was far better to acquit the accused altogether than to convict him of such an offence as theft, and then give him a merely nominal punishment on the ground that the offence was merely a nominal offence. On the whole, therefore, his lordship was of opinion that the conviction and sentence should be reversed; and that the fine, if paid, should be refunded to the accused.

Owing to the difference of opinion between their lordships, the case was referred for the opinion of Mr. Justice Parsons.

Mr. Justice Parsons, in giving his judgment, in which he agreed with Mr. Justice B. Tyabji, said: This case has come before me for disposal in consequence of a difference of opinion between the learned judges who heard it in the first instance. As far as I can gather from the judgment recorded, there is no difference of opinion on the point of law involved. Both the learned judges admit that a removal of property dishonestly, that is with the intention of wrongfully depriving the owner of the possession thereof, to which he was legally entitled, for however short a period, is theft. In this, I quite agree. See the Full Bench decision in Queen-Empress vs. Shri Churn Ghungo, I. L. R., 22 Cal., 997; overruling the decision of the Calcutta High Court in Prosonno Kumar Patra vs. Uday Sant. (I. L. R., 22 Cal., 699) and the ruling of this Court in Queen-Empress vs. Nagappa, (I. L. R., 15 Bombay, 344), and of the Allahabad High Court in Queen-Empress vs. Agha Mahomed Yusuf. (Ibid 18, Allahabad 88.) The difference of opinion is whether in the present case the accused removed the property from the possession of the complainant. Upon this point of fact, Mr. Justice Candy has considered the finding of the Lower Courts, that there was a removal by the accused of the property binding upon him. The Court is revision, therefore, has no exceptional grounds on which alone we in revision should interfere with the findings of fact. There certainly was evidence on which the District Magistrate could find the facts which he did, and the Court in revision has insufficient. The power of this Court upon revision to go into questions of fact is undoubted. Whether or not it will exercise that power in any particular case, is a matter entirely within the discretion of the Court. In the present case, Mr. Justice Tyabjee has examined the evidence, and has come to the conclusion that the charge was a concocted and false one. I am not prepared to say that the course adopted by my learned colleague was an unusual one. When the interests of justice require it, (Nobin Krishna vs. Hasick Lall (I. L. R. 10 Cal., 1047) and Queen-Empress vs. Chagan (Ibid 14, Bombay 331), or when the enquiry in the Lower Court has been faulty, Bhawoo vs. Mali (I. L. R. 22, Bombay 457) the High Court does interfere. In the present case the judgment of the District Magistrate shows that the enquiry was a faulty one, and I presume that Mr. Justice Tyabjee did act in the interest of justice. The result, in any case justified the means, for he has shown conclusively that the charge was a false one. Concurring with him on this point, I reverse the conviction and sentence and acquit the accused.

The court, in accordance with the opinion of Mr. Justice Parsons, reversed the conviction of and the sentence passed upon the accused and acquitted him, and directed that the fine be refunded to him.

UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.

THE following is a list of messages remaining undelivered in the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay, during the week ending 15th July:—

Station from	Address in full as received.
Ferozepore	Mr. T. Knigt, P. and O. Ganges.
Bel ary	Kristna Rao Mansiff, Mall Bazar No. 2339 near Ganes Temple Grant Road.
Malerkotla	Jamshid Dalal Company.
Jaspore	Chandra Cantaya.
Belgaum	Pandarang Krishna Kamat.

THE Local Government has decided to close the Chenawan Central Jail immediately. This jail was originally established to provide outdoor labour on the Chenab Canal works, and might well have been closed last year had it not been for the sudden overcrowding elsewhere in Punjab jails, the effect of the then prevailing distress and the consequent outbreak of petty crimes. The Jubilee releases have naturally made a considerable difference in the Punjab jail population, and this, combined with the cessation of the items of canal labour, renders the up-keep of large and expensive Central jail at Chenawan unnecessary.

THE High Court of the N.-W. Provinces gave judgment on Tuesday in the case which raises the important questions as to the use to be made of the special diaries of the investigating police officers in criminal cases, and as to what those diaries should contain. From the report elsewhere it will be seen that four of the judges held that the diaries were strictly privileged, and could only be used in Court by the police officer who had made the investigation for the purpose of refreshing his memory, or by the Court in order to contradict such an officer. If, however, used by the police officer to refresh his memory, any portion of the diary to which he referred could it was held, be used by the accused or his agents for the purpose of cross-examination. It was further held that the special diary was the proper place for all statements taken down by an investigating officer under section 161 of the Criminal Procedure Code, and that such statements were equally with the rest of the diary subject to privilege from inspection by the accused or his agent. On the other hand, Mr. Justice Aikman and Mr. Justice Banerji held that the accused person had a right to see previous statements made by any witness called to give evidence against him, whether those statements were recorded in the police special diary or not. Their lordship thought the special diary was not the proper place for those statements, but if the police recorded them there the accused or his agent had a right to see so much of the diary as contained them.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

ALL leave has been stopped in the Frontier force pending the result of the Tochi Valley expedition.

HEAVY rain fell at Simla late on Wednesday night, and the weather is at last assuming a real monsoon character.

THE actual manufacture of cordite has been begun at Kirkee, and will be continued daily. A proof report will shortly be submitted by the Director-General of Ordnance.

THE growing anxiety in the Punjab due to the break in the monsoon has been much lessened by the rain of the last few days, which has been fairly well distributed. More, however, is needed in several districts.

THE Indus at Kushalgarh had risen on the 13th instant to the 42nd foot-mark, but the bridge-of-boats was still maintained. This is most important as facilitating the despatch of stores and munitions of war to the Tochi Field Force.

THE local Governments are now preparing lists showing what officials of various grades are qualified to receive exchange compensation allowance. These lists will eventually be sent to the Government of India, who will pass final orders upon the whole subject.

THE curtailment of the programme of railway construction during the current year will mainly depend on the prospects of the crops. If the rains are good there may after all be little cutting down of the large projects. All the same we do not at present see where the money is to come from, unless further sterling borrowing be resorted to.

MR. LENCKLEY, Superintending Engineer, Sone circle, proceeds immediately on a year's furlough. Mr. Togood, Executive Engineer on famine duty, officiates. Mr. Mills, also on famine duty, takes the latter's place in addition to his own duties.

COLONEL H. D. HUTCHINSON, Director of Military Education in India, has issued a report showing the result of examinations of Field Officers in tactical fitness for command during the 12 months ending 31st March 1897. From this Report we learn that during the period named 131 officers have been examined, and that 23 out of this total have failed to pass. This gives the rather high percentage of 17·5 failures in India, as against 7·14 during the same period in England. This would indicate that these examinations are taken somewhat more seriously in this country than at Home.

SURGEON-LIEUTENANT-COLONEL E. BOVILL, Civil Surgeon of Darjiling, has been appointed a Civil Surgeon of the first class, vice Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel C. J. W. Meadows, retired. Surgeon-Captain F. O'Kinealy, Officiating Second Resident Surgeon, Presidency General

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 31 lines, Re. 1, each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

PIANO TUNING AND REPAIRING.—We have now a fully competent Staff of PIANO TUNERS and kindred workmen to undertakes, Pianos regulated, cleaned and polished. Harmoniums and Organs tuned, cleaned and made as new. Old bellows recovered or new bellows supplied.—MARCKS & Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

FOR SALE:—A Cooking Stove Brand-new, Single Burner, with latest appliances and H. P. Cylinder of 7 lbs. suitable for MESS, Messing, Clubs or Hotels. Price moderate. Apply PEROSHA R. PATELL, Pedder Road.

JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ltd.—IVORY BILLIARD BALLS, to be satisfactory, should be brought at this season of the year during the monsoon, they are more reliable, more lasting, the price same as usual. Price List post free.

CHOLERA TINCTURE.—Specially adapted for Travellers and those living in Up-country Stations where medical aid is not readily procurable. Per Bottle Re. 1. Prepared by THOMSON & TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

JUBILEE.—5,000 DIAMOND JUBILEE TICKETS [available 15th July to 15th September 1897] entitle the holder to a REDUCTION of 25 per cent. on our Ordinary Prices, and the Music of the latest Photograph of Her Majesty specially secured by us from home free of charge. Please apply RAJA DESN DAYAL and SONS, Whiteway, Laidlaw Building, Hornby Row, Bombay.

N. B. DANTRA & Co.'s Pure Superior Teas—Golden Orange Pekoe Re. 1-12; Rose Orange Pekoe Re. 1-8; Broken Pekoe Re. 1-4; Flowery Orange Pekoe Re. 1-4; Flowery Pekoe Re. 1-4; Orange Pekoo Re. 1-2; Pekoe Re. 1; Pekoe Souchong ans. 14; Souchong ans. 12; and Congou ans. 10 per lb. Teas are universally acknowledged to be the best in every respect and are in increasing demand both in India and abroad.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., Tea and Coffee Merchants, 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

BEST PLATED-ware by Reed and Barton of New York is offered at 25 per cent. Discount now to during SALE at SHROFF BROTHERS, Rare Oppurtunity to represent buyers.

WANTED—A EUROPEAN is now disengaged and able to take a situation as Matron of a School, Lady Help, or Nursery Governess, Country no objection. Address "BIA," care of this Paper.

REGISTRY OFFICE.—Only respectable and trustworthy Domestic Servants of all denominations supplied, Clerks, Khansamas, Peons, Bandmasters, Nurses, &c., &c. Especially first-class Portuguese Servants, for whom we guarantee and hold ourselves responsible. Fee Rs. 2. OLIVER & Co., care of Steffenauer & Co., 6, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

MUSICAL PAPER WEIGHTS, Rs. 15. Musical Ladies' Fancy Jewellery Boxes with lock and key, Rs. 40 and Rs. 60.—STEFFENAUER & Co. Fort, Bombay.

SNOWFLAKE OIL.—Imported by the STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK, sold by MESSRS. KEY MESSRS. LTD., and by MESSRS. PHILLIPS AND CO., LTD., and at KEROSINE OIL GODOWNS, Mazagon, at Rs. 3 12 2 per Case.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English an Indian Designs made to Order.—Chuckla, No. 6.

POONA HOTEL, POONA.—Is a First Class upper-storied and most Comfortable Hotel in Poona. Rooms bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate Sitting Room. Terms—Rs. 5 per day or Rs. 125 per month. No Extras.

PANCHGANI HOTEL OPENS for Rainy season. Excellent view of the Valley. I stayed here for six days, found things quite comfortable. E. ARTHUR DICKIN, Chapiain.

THE favourite of Princes or peasants, rich or poor Families or working class in the world renowned SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES, which is now to be seen in every Village in India and is to be had in whole of India from North to South and East to West. We are known in India, Ceylon and Burmah and all throughout the world as Singer, the sole manufacturers for Singer's Sewing Machines.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Routes to India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 31, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

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THESE Pianos are specially built to withstand the Climate of India, the wood used being solid and the most seasoned, while a solid Iron frame extends over the wrest block.

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FROM 1st April, 1897, the PRICE of this QUININE will be as follows:—

	Rs. a.
1 Pound in Rs. 15 or, post free	15 12
½ " " " 7-8 or, post free	8 0
¼ " " " 3-12 or, post free	4 4

Analysis shows this Quinine to be of the purest manufacture; and it is guaranteed to be free from wilful mixture with the inferior Alkaloids Cinchonine and Cinchonidine. It is for sale only to Government officers, and only for cash, and may be had from the SUPERINTENDENT, Botanic Garden, Sibpur, near Calcutta.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to nearly Seven and three-quarter Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST, Secretary, Bombay Branch.

N.B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES OR IN STERLING.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI, SURGEON DENTIST, No. 3, HORNBY ROW, Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

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WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, excellent Table, Baths, thermal and other. House stands in its own grounds. Within three minutes' walk of Kurhaus. Moderate Prices. Arrangements made with Families for Summer or Winter Season.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's s s King Arthur, 1,047 tons, Captain C Owen, arrived in harbour Yesterday from the Persian Gulf, with a general cargo, Mahomed Esmail and two deck passengers.

THE Hansa Line s s Stolzenfels, 1933 tons, Captain A Pankow, which arrived in harbour on Tuesday evening from Hamburg (5th June), brought a general cargo. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Glade & Co.

THE B I S N Co's s s Goa, 1217 tons, Captain H B C Plommer, sailed yesterday for Zanzibar &c. via Aden, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mrs R Winrow and two children, Store Surgt Hanby, Mr W F Henderson, and 67 deck.

THE B I S N Co's s s Kola, 497 tons, Captain J W Livingstone arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi (16th July), with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Surg-Lieut Col Massani, Mr Cosser, Mr Mulkamy, Mr and Mrs Daraswamy, Surgt Milne, Jamadar Shaik Hoosen and 21 deck.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—JULY 16.

PRINCES DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
H	Lalpoora	1,977	Peacock	Calcutta	...	M & Co
D	Henry Balckow	439	Jourdain	...	19-7	B & P S N Co
E	Guyana	2370	Snow	Karnaoi	17-7	F P & Co
F	Goa	1217	Plommer	Zanzibar	16-7	M M & Co
G	Courland	760	Tenton	...	...	D Acdoss
H	& J H M S Magdala	3240	Fleet	...	...	Royal Navy
I	Haile Tessesemin	2766	...	...	...	Do.
K	Kt. Commander	2731	Durant	Liverpool	...	K N & Co
L	Mahanadi	547	Budroo	...	...	Shepard & Co
M	Indrawati	1331	Harvey	...	...	Do.
M	Sabarmati	524	Casaum	...	...	Do.
Q	Clydesdale	2295	Sharp	Dunkirk	21-7	W & A G & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
2	Armenia	2218	Shanklin	Liverpool	23-7	W A G Co
3	Singapore	2492	Pozzarollo	Genoa	23-7	F R S N Co
6	Bombay	2048	Weston	China	...	P & O Co
9	Sicilia	1793	Pankow	Hamburg	...	Glade & Co
12	Peninsular	3047	Wheler	London	23-7	P & O Co
14	Dumra	762	Russell	Karachi	17-7	M M & Co

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

Satrunji	1,011 tons gross	...	Shepherd & Co
Savitri	227	Do.	Do.

* Probable date of departure.

Time Ball drops at Prince's Dock at Noon, or Greenwich meantime, 7h. 8m. 44·2s.

The Time Ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped punctually at 1 p.m. of Colaba meantime, or 5h. 8m. 44·2s of Greenwich meantime.

ARRIVALS.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
16	King Arthur s	Owen	Busreh, July 2
	Kola s	Livingstone	Karachi, July 14

DEPARTURES.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
16	Safari s	Kiene	Zanzibar, &c.
	Kohinur s	Morgan	Calcutta, &c.
	Goa s	Plommer	Zanzibar, &c.
	Ganges s	Creory	Aden.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

July.
12 Lyndhurst s ... Beatty ... Liverpool, March 22.
13 Argus s ... McDonald ... Melbourne, May 26.

DEPARTURES.

July 13.—Steamer Malda.

KARACHI.

ARRIVALS.

June.
22 Matin s ... Archer ... Newport and Glasgow.
Clydesdale s ... Sharp ... London.

July.
1 Kola s ... Livingstone ... Bombay.
2 Indravati s ... Ahmed ... Do.
Branksome Hall s. Hood ... Liverpool.

DEPARTURES.

20 Bahadurl s ... Aden ... Bombay.
Tamra s ... Russell ... Do.

July.
2 Clydesdale s ... Sharp ... Do.
Kola s ... Livingstone ... Do.
Indravati s ... Ahmed ... Do.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

S. S. Matin, Archer, W Cooper and Co.
" Branksome Hall, Hood, F. Forbes & Co., for Liverpool.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 16.

FOR LONDON.

Peninsular s—10 bales hides, Adamjee Peerbhoy; 21 cwt deer horns, A C Mahomed; 152 cwt gum, Eugine Meistre; 101 cwt ivory, Vithaldas Gooculdas; 11 bundles woollen carpets, Martiimes and Co; 11 cwt ivanvas rags, Moosejee Jivanjee.

FOR GLASGOW.

Armenia s—3,080 cwt bonemeal, Cooverjee Kadersbhoy.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Armenia s—36 bales twist, Canjee Khatow; 57 bales wool, Tyeb Hajee; 20 bales wool, A M Latiff; 25 bales wool, Remtoola Dhunjee.

FOR ANTWERP.

Kurrachee s—16,091 cwt rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co.
Guyana s—2,000 cwt rapeseed, Ritchie Stewart and Co.
Kt Commander s—800 bales cotton fly, Isaac Wright and Co; 2,031 cwt rapeseed, A Blanchoie and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Kt Commander s—507 cwt bonemeal, Croft Mody and Co.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Clydesdale s—838 cwt buffalo horns, Rehimtoola Kadersbhoy.

FOR HAMBURG.

Guyana s—5,021 cwt rapeseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Armenia s—182 bales twist, H J Rustomjee and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bombay s—240 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon; 145 bales twist, Framjee Sons and Co; 150 cwts sharkfins, R Dinajee and Co; 300 bales cotton, Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Co; 200 bales twist, N B Mody and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bombay s—78 bales twist, N J Mody and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Bombay s—915 bales cotton, Vadilal and Co; 93 bales cotton, Gyai and Kleinjung; 750 bales cotton, The Mitsui B Kaisha; 300 bales cotton, Currimbhoy Ebram and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Bombay s—1,074 bales cotton, The Mitsui B Kaisha.

FOR NAGASAKI.

Bombay s—200 bales cotton, The Mitsui B Kaisha.

KARACHI EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

(FROM 25TH JUNE TO 2ND JULY.)

EXPORTS.

Kola s, Bombay—3818 cwts wheat, 91 cwts rice and 545 cargos skins.

Pachumba s, Bombay—412 cwts cotton unpressed and 93 cwts jowari.

Dwarka s Bombay—129 cwts cotton unpressed, 2627 cwts wheat, 60 cwts rice and 290 cargos skins.

Gisela s Trieste—408 bales cotton for transhipment to Venice 146 cwts gingeliyseed for transhipment to Aden, 1091 cwts jowari for transhipment to Aden, 480 cwts rice for transhipment to Aden, 351 cargos hides, 1000 lbs tea for transhipment to Aden, 131252 lbs tea for transhipment to Batoum.

City of London s Liverpool—36 bales cotton, 3474 bales cotton, and 16460 cwts wheat.

Kola s Bombay—3818 cwts rapeseed, 9140 cwts wheat, 549 cwts rice and 310 cargos skins.

Dido s Havre—32650 cwts rapeseed, etc, 2000 cwts gingeliyseed 7192 cwts bones and 668 lbs tea for transhipment to Hull.

Indravati s Bombay—338 bales cotton, 50 cwts cotton unpressed, 497 cwts rapeseed, etc, 5847 cwts wheat, and 342 cwts rice.

Dwarka s Bombay—122 bales cotton, 161 cwts rapeseed, etc, 3176 cwts wheat, 444 cwts rice, 300 cargos skins and 384 cargos hide for transhipment to Trieste.

Raventhaler s Hamburg—1,000 cwts cotton, unpressed, 1461 cwts rapeseed, 12294 cwts wheat, and 21.6 cwts rice.

IMPORTS.

Locksley Hall s, Liverpool via Bombay—890 pieces white goods foreign.

Thorndale s, London—6 pieces white goods foreign.

Rafford Hall s, Liverpool via Bombay—490 pieces grey goods foreign, 1141 pieces white goods foreign, 923 pieces prints foreign.

City of London s, Liverpool via Bombay—4140 lbs T red and dyed yarns foreign.

Bahadurl s, Bombay—75 pieces white goods foreign, 125 pieces prints foreign, 302 pieces prints Indian.

Dido s, Hull via Bombay—316 cwt iron bar, etc.

Johannesberger s, Hamburg and Antwerp via Bombay—1440 lbs T red and dyed yarns foreign, 1983 cwt iron bar, etc, and 1264 cwt steel.

Kola s, Bombay—700 pieces grey goods foreign, 630 pieces grey goods Indian, 2170 pieces white goods foreign, 2680 pieces prints foreign, 322 pieces prints Indian, and 1300 lbs grey yarns Indian.

Indravati s, Bombay—100 pieces grey goods foreign, 100 pieces grey goods Indian, 600 pieces white goods foreign, and 100 pieces prints foreign.

Raventhaler s, Hamburg and Antwerp—1440 lbs T red and dyed yarns foreign, 720 cwt iron bar, etc, 6260 cwt steel, and 28 cwt spelter, &c.

Dwarka s, Bombay—2780 pieces grey goods foreign, 2880 pieces grey goods Indian, 180 pieces white goods foreign, 350 pieces prints foreign, 1500 lbs grey yarns Indian, 225 lbs T red and dyed yarns foreign.

Simla s, Bombay—330 pieces prints foreign.

Dumra s, Bombay—8783 pieces grey goods foreign, 31389 pieces grey goods Indian, 19768 pieces white goods foreign, 2242 pieces prints foreign, 198 pieces prints Indian, 1800 lbs grey yarns foreign, 22910 lbs grey yarns Indian, 7500 lbs T red and dyed yarns foreign, 3024 lbs T red and dyed yarns Indian, 31 cwts copper, and 34 cwts yellow metal.

Matia s Newport and Glasgow—2020 cwts steel.

Bahadurl s Bombay—2880 pieces grey goods foreign, 3930 pieces grey goods Indian, 10716 pieces white goods foreign, 1587 pieces prints foreign, 375 pieces prints Indian, 900 pieces T red and dyed yarns foreign, 100 cwts copper and 30 cwts yellow metal.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JULY 13.

O'Brien, Major, Bengal, 14th Hussars, to rejoin, from Ranikhet.

JULY 14.

Greenstreet, Col, Bo, R E, on inspection duty, from Poona.

JULY 15.

Ternan, Lt-Col, 12th Bo I, on leave, from Sangor.
Johnstone, Major, Hyd Cont, 4th Lancers, on leave, from Bolarum.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 16.

Dickson, Surg-Lt, Bengal, I M S, on medical certificate, to England.
Hingston, Lt, Bengal, R E, on medical Certificate, to England.
O'Brien, Major, Bengal, 14th Hussars, to rejoin, to England.
Davis, Capt, Bonsal, R I Regt, on leave, to England.
Braithwaite, Lt, Bo, 23rd R Welsh Fus, to rejoin, to Aden.
Ternan, Lt-Col, Bo, 12th I I, on leave, to England.
Johnstone, Major, Hyd Cont, 4th Lancers, on leave, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR E. F. NICHOLSON, COMMANDING, B. V. R.
Bombay, 17th July, 1897.
BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. There will be shooting at the Colaba Range this day, Saturday, the 17th instant at 4 p.m.
2. Corporal A. Mair having resigned on departure from Bombay is struck off the strength of the establishment.
3. Mr. L. W. Hartley having joined is taken on the strength and posted to "B" Troop.
4. There will be Test-pegging and post practice at the Cooperage on Tuesday morning the 20th instant at 7 o'clock.

By Order,
C. Meade, Captain,
Adjutant B. V. R.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 17.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. TYABJEE.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Undefended and Uncontested Long Causes.

31,96—Muljee and R—Dayabhai Nagindas vs Narandar Cullandas and others—Craigie L and O.—Part heard.
275,88—Bhashankar and K—The Hon'ble P L Latham vs Wasudeo Luxumon—Dikshit and D.
413,95—Edgelow and G—Kurseedas Shamjee vs Hakha Mahomed Esmail—Maganlal and S.
43,96—Chimis M and M—Vasudeo Gopal Bhandarker and another vs Shamrao Narayanchand and others—Dunlary and P. and Antrolkar H and D.
131,97—S B and Noble—Bhawaram Raghoba vs Dayabhai Tapidas—Chimis M and M.
91,97—Bicknell M and M—Jamsijee Dadabhoy Patel vs Bapujee Sorabjee Patel—Craigie L and O, and Bicknell M and M.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice FULTON.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Undefended and Uncontested Causes.

60,96—Balkrishna V N K—Moolbai vs Kanu Fakir and another—Sorabjee and J and M N Sakhatwalla—Part heard.
620,95—Ardeseir, H and D—Ramchunder Baboo vs Shunsee Sukad Gowan Patel and another—Dikshit and D—and Wadia and Co.
473,95—M N Sakhatwalla—Dorabji Sheoverji vs Dhunbijibhai Janardhan and A.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 16.

IN Rupee Securities, 3½ per cent. alone was there any change reported in London yesterday, at £63 1-8, or 3-16 per cent. lower than the previous day's rate, while the other financial quotations were as before. Bar Silver was also unchanged at 27 9-16d. per oz., and in New York at 70 cents per oz., with demand Exchange on London at 4·87 dollars.

The Bank of England Returns issued yesterday showed the Bank's Reserve to be 1 per cent. higher than the week before, at 50 per cent. of the Liabilities; the Bank's rate remained at 2 per cent.

Gujerat Yellow Rapeseed was quoted at 44½s. per 416 lbs. July-August shipment, to Antwerp, tone of the market strong; Linseed at 34 1-4s. per 416 lbs. July-August shipment, to Havre, Antwerp, and Dunkirk, buyers via the Canal.

Spot prices of Cotton in Liverpool were unchanged, but American Arrivals were 1-64d. higher in the near positions at 4 13-64d. per lb. for July delivery, and 1-32d. in the more distant at 3 59-64d. for November-December. At closing the market was steady, Surats firmer, Arrivals quiet. The day's Sales were 8,000 bales, and the Imports *nil*. The Manchester market closing firm.

Ready Mid.-Uplands cotton was unaltered in New York at 7 15-16 cents per lb. August Futures were 2 points more at 7·48 cents and December 4 points at 7·12 cents. The Receipts at the U.S. Ports were 1,000 bales.

Locally the market for this staple has been quiet to-day, and prices of ready Cotton remain at the previous level. In New Cotton no transactions are reported, and as it is said favourable rain is falling all over the Cotton districts, rates are likely to decline.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.—No fresh business of importance is reported.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	1,798 bales.
Wheat	3,108 cwts.
Linseed	673 "
Rapeseed	4,529 "
Castorseed	2,304 "
Rice	69,435 "

FREIGHTS are quiet, with a little enquiry for Antwerp.

EXCHANGE.—The market opened firm at 1s. 3 1-8d. to 5-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 3¼d. for three months' sight Bills. A moderate amount of the latter were done, but the enquiry either way has been very limited, rates closing as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 3 5-32d. per rupee.	
" Telegraphic	1s. 3 5-32d.	"
" 3 months' sight	1s. 3 3-16d.	"
Credits "	1s. 3 9-32d.	"
Francs "	1'90½	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been unsettled, with 100 5-16 given at opening for Money, for 24 per Cents, and 100¾ for Account, from which level rates declined to 100 5-16 in the latter position, and closed at this figure in both positions.

SHARES.—Prices have been inclined to fall off, and as shown in our revised list, Jewraj Balloo have declined Rs. 15, China Mills Rs. 10, and Carrimbhoy Rs. 5; Sholapore are Rs. 15 higher. Commercial Bank are Rs. 1 lower, and Bank of Bombay have advanced Rs. 2½, at Re. 1, 395 per Share.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 15.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats firmer.

Good Dhollera	3 13-32

The Manchester Market has been firm.

2½ per cent. Consols	113 7-8
2½ per cent. Reduced	104 ½
2½ per cent. Sterling Loan	118 ½
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	93 1-8
Bar Silver	27 9-16

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday, show the following results:—Total Bullion, £30,700,000; Decrease, £300,000; Public Deposits, £7,100,000; Decrease, £1,000,000; Other Deposits, £43,800,000; Increase £300,000; Other Securities, £32,700,000; Decrease, £300,000; Notes and Gold, £25,500,000; Increase, £300,000. The Bank's Reserve is 50 per cent. of the Liabilities.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, JULY 15.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Oriental with the homeward mails of the 9th instant, arrived here at 5-30 p.m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

NAPLES, JULY 15.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Moumbassa left here this evening.

LIVERPOOL, JULY 15.

The City Line steamer City of London, from Bombay, arrived here this afternoon.

COLOMBO, JULY 15.

The P. and O. Company's steamer China left here for Aden at 5 p.m., to-day.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Manila left here for Aden at 5 a.m., to-day.

SINGAPORE, JULY 16.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Peshawur arrived here from Bombay yesterday morning.

SUEZ, JULY 15.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Parramatta, with the outward mails of the 9th instant, left here at 5-30 p.m., to-day.

The Messageries Maritimes Co.'s steamer Natal arrived at Aden, from Bombay, on Friday, the 16th instant, at noon.

COLOMBO, JULY 16.

The N. L. steamer Bayern, from Aden, arrived.

DIVINE SERVICE.

FIFTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, JULY 18.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.—Choral. Missa Celestis.—Hymns Introit No. 1, 235, 311 and 169.
6 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 18, 177 and 370. Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis.—Stanper in F.
Daily Matins at 8-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Tuesday and Thursday.—Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. STEPHEN'S, BANDORA.

10-45 a.m.—Matins, Holy Communion and Sermon.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

(Wandby Road, Esplanade.)

4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.—Hymns 265, 272 and 285. Psalm 27.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.

(Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.)

7 a.m.—Parade Service.—Hymns 265 172, and Queen.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.—Hymns 179, 318 and 320.
9 a.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 370, 241 13, and Vesper Hymn.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCHES.

BOWEN CHURCH.

(Apollo Bunder, behind Apollo Hotel.)

10 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Sermon by Bishop Thoburn.
6 p.m.—Sermon by Rev. I. F. Row.

GRANT ROAD CHURCH.

7-30 a.m.—Sunday School.
9 a.m.—Sermon by Rev. W. W. Stephens.
6 p.m.—Sermon by Bishop Thoburn.

MAZAGON CHURCH.

4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Sermon.

SEAMEN'S REST, FERRIS ROAD.

Service at 7-30 p.m. by Rev. F. Wood.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.

(Near School of Art.)

Incumbent.—Rev. C. Gilder.
8 a.m.—Celebration of Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 273, 208 and 318.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 182, 181 and 218.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon by Rev. A. H. Bowman.—Hymns 293, 254 and 223.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer, Holy Communion and S

TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE CONFLICT AT CANDIA DEVOID OF FOUNDATION.

LONDON, JULY 15.

The news telegraphed by the *Times'* correspondent at Athens of a conflict between British troops and Bashi Bazouks at Candia is declared to be devoid of foundation.

THE NAVAL WORKS BILL.

The Naval Works Bill has been read a second time in the Commons.

The estimates for Dover Harbour have been increased to £3,500,000, and the estimate for the Dockyard extension at Hongkong has also been increased.

The Government propose to advance half the cost of a new Dock for Colombo.

(The above greatly delayed in transmission.)

THE AMERICAN PRESS ON SECRETARY SHERMAN'S DESPATCH.

JULY 16.

Several American papers criticize Secretary Sherman's despatch on the Behring Sea question and its unnecessarily irritating tone as amounting to bad manners.

RAILWAY EXTENSION IN INDIA.

In the House of Commons, last night, Lord George Hamilton, in reply to a question from Sir H. Seymour King, said the Government were considering proposals for the construction of branch lines northward into Chotah Nagpur in connection with the Bengal-Nagpur Company's system.

MR. TILAK'S SPEECH AT THE SHIVAJI ACCESSION CEREMONY.

Replying to Sir M. M. Bhownuggree, who called attention to the Shivajee accession ceremony and the speech made by Mr. Tilak on the occasion, Lord George said he was not prepared to make any statement in the matter, which was now occupying the attention of the Government of India and the Bombay Government.

THE PANAMA ENQUIRY.

M. Herz has declared that two members of the Panama Committee of Enquiry sent to Bournemouth are prepared to make tremendous revelations and reveal State secrets if the majority of the Committee came to Bournemouth.

FRANCO-CHINESE CONVENTION REPUDIATED.

Reuter's correspondent at Pekin states that no convention has been signed granting to the French facilities in Yunnan, and that the Tsungliyamen has repudiated the contract alleged to have been signed in Paris by the Chinese Minister and M. Hanotaux, the contents of which were telegraphed to India on the 30th June, and that if genuine, the Chinese Minister will be recalled.

The Tsungliyamen has promised to ask the assistance of France when China undertakes operations in Yunnan.

A NEW KNIGHT OF THE GARTER.

Earl Derby has been created a Knight of the Garter.

THE ECLIPSE STAKES.

The race for the Eclipse Stakes was run at Sandown, to-day :—

Persimmon	1
Velasquez	2
Bay Ronald	3

THE PORTE AND THE POWERS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, JULY 16.

Tewfik Pacha has informed the Ambassadors of the Powers that the negotiations regarding the Greek frontier settlement will be resumed on Saturday.

NEW TURKISH COMMANDER FOR CRETE.

Djevad Pacha, formerly Grand Vizier, has been appointed Military Commander in Crete.

CRICKET: POONA GYMKHANA VS. POONA PARSEES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 16.

The first cricket match of the Poona Gymkhana was played, to-day, under rather unfavourable circumstances. Play did not commence till noon, the ground being wet.

The Gymkhana won the toss, and Mr. Greig and Captain Lewin went in first. Both played a good game. The latter made 42 runs, when he was caught. Fairfax then went in and made two. His place was taken by Ingram. At this stage rain commenced to fall, and the play was adjourned till 3 p.m.

Rain, however, did not stop till three, and the match was postponed till to-morrow.

The Gymkhana now stands at 74 runs with two wickets down (Greig not out 22).

PLAGUE IN LONOWLI.

Great precautions are now taken in Lanowli to prevent the spread of the plague, which is now raging there badly. Dr. Man and Dr. Kukday, from Rajwady, with staff, have gone there.

House-to-house inspection has been begun, and on the first day's search fifteen cases were discovered.

Two Marwarees, attacked by plague at Lanowli, started by road, and had succeeded in walking as far as Karkala station, when they died.

PRECAUTIONS AT POONA.

Mr. Lamb, Chairman of the Plague Committee, has taken steps for preventing the disease from coming in Poona again.

THE OUTBREAK AMONG THE LANCERS.

There was one case of plague in the Bombay Lancers, to-day, and one death in the hospital.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

Military Works Department—Major Speed, Royal Engineers, on return from furlough, is posted to Aden Division, Military Works. Lieutenant Greer, Royal Engineers, is transferred from Loralai Division, and posted to the charge of the Zhob Division, Military Works, Quetta Circle.

Captain (Temporary Major) Jones, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, and Second-in-Command, Scinde Irregular Horse, is directed to join his permanent appointment. He will travel at duty at public expense.

Indian Staff Corps—the undermentioned officers have passed the tests for retention in the Indian Staff Corps :—Lieutenant Griffith, 2nd Bombay Lancers, and Lieutenant Fagan, attached 6th Bombay Cavalry.

The undermentioned officer is qualified for promotion :—Second Lieutenant Ashburner, 2nd Durham Light Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. Proudfoot, Commandant, 9th Bombay Infantry, having been permitted to resign his appointment as Officiating Assistant Adjutant-General, Head-quarters, Bombay Command, is directed to rejoin his Regiment.

The undermentioned officers will attend the next Course in Garrison Instruction, commencing at Poona on the 9th August, 1897, and will report themselves on the 7th idem to the Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for instructions :—Lieutenant Wemyss, Royal Artillery; Lieutenant Kennedy, Royal Artillery; Lieutenant Adjutant Mallock, Lieutenant Johnson, 1st Royal Fusiliers, Lieutenant Stack, 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry, Lieutenant Adjutant Wood, 6th Infantry Hyderabad Contingent, Captain Radcliffe, and Lieutenant Cockburn, 1st Royal Welsh Fusiliers, and Lieutenant Wilkinson, 2nd Durham Light Infantry.

The undermentioned officers have been permitted to return to duty :—Honorary Lieutenant Kean, Commissariat Department; Lieutenant Bean, 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry; Lieutenant-Colonel Hillett, C.B., D.S.O., 1st Bombay Lancers; Lieutenant-Colonel Beeman, 27th Bombay Light Infantry; and Captain Browne, 9th Bombay Infantry.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India, on medical certificate, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of embarking for the specified period to count from the date of leaving India :—Captain (temporary Major) Williams, Staff Corps, Second-in-Command, 25th Bombay Rifles, for one year (pension service seventeen years commenced 17th November 1886.)

The undermentioned officers and Warrant officer have leave of absence :—9th Bombay Infantry—Lieutenant Fisher, 14 days' leave, on private affairs. Ordnance Department—Sub-Conductor Gilbert, 6 months' extension, on medical certificate. Royal Artillery—Lieutenant R. Keyworth,

THE LATE TOCHI DISASTER.

ORDER OF MERIT TO FOUR NATIVE OFFICERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 16.

Stirring particulars of the gallant deeds at Malzar for which four Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Native Officers of Colonel Bunny's force are granted Order of Merit appear in the *Gazette*.

Jamadar Shersad carried Lieutenant Higginson when wounded out of danger; and afterwards took rifle and ammunition from a dead Sepoy, and covered the retreat of the party which rescued Surgeon-Captain Cassidy.

Havildar-Major Muhammad Ismail continued the fight with the guns of the 6th Mountain Battery within hundred yards of a threatening enemy under converging fire from all sides until his ammunition was expended, though both the British officers with the Battery had been shot down.

Subadar Narayan Singh rescued the ammunition of inestimable value to the force at a most critical time, and he and Subadars Nawab Khan and Sundar Singh and Jamadar Shersad got together a party of their men and made a stand by a garden, which enabled the wounded to be helped and carried back and guns to be withdrawn. Subadar Sunder Singh was killed at this point, giving his life to cover the withdrawal of his comrades.

The "Gazette" also contains a report by the Adjutant-General and Colonel Gray on the Tochi Disaster, which are to be regarded as despatches.

They speak in the highest terms of the dogged courage and gallant self-sacrifice of the whole force in the retreat which the Commander-in-Chief describes, and the Viceroy endorses, as a deed of arms second to none in the annals of the Indian Army.

Mr. Gee is mentioned amongst the other officers for commendation.

THE TOCHI VALLEY EXPEDITION.

AN EARLY ADVANCE EXPECTED.

The Argyles having now reached Datta Khel, where the remainder of the First Brigade is already concentrated, there is] nothing to prevent an almost immediate advance against the Maizar.

MILITARY LEAVE RULES.

Government have ruled that restriction on leave at the same time to commandant and regimental second-in-command does not apply to absence on privilege leave.

MILITARY APPOINTMENTS.

Colonel Campbell, 28th Dogras, officiates as Colonel on Staff, vice Colonel Gaselee, appointed to officiate as Brigadier-General in command of the first class district, in relief of General Corrie-Bird, on service.

Captain Anesly and Lieutenant Maxwell are appointed Commandants of British and Native Troop depots, respectively, at Edwardesabad.

THE FAMINE.

PRICES RISING IN MOST PROVINCES.

The crop reports this week show that the recent rain throughout Northern India is reviving the withered seedlings in the Central Provinces, and enabling the Autumn sowings to commence in the North-West Provinces. The numbers under relief, however, have again risen to three and a-half millions, and prices as yet shew no tendency to fall; on the contrary, the rates for food-grains have risen almost everywhere in the Madras Presidency, the increase in the Deccan averaging ten per cent.

In the great grain market of the Punjab also wheat is rising in price, and food-rates are as high as between six and seven seers per rupee, and quoted from the worst districts alike of Bombay, Bengal, and the Central Provinces.

QUARANTINE BY FOREIGN PORTS.

The Persian Government have reduced quarantine on all arrivals to three days.

THE INDIAN SECURITIES ACT.

Sub-Section 1 of Section 7 of the Indian Securities Act is declared applicable to the Office of the Chief Accounts Officer, Customs, Bombay.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Revenue and Agriculture Department—The Superintendent of the Bombay Telegraph Office is appointed ex-Officio Meteorological Reporter for Western India. Mr. Gerrard, Inspector of Mines, is granted three months' furlough.

Foreign Department—The appointment of Mr. S. Anderson as Austro-Hungarian Consular Agent at Karachi is recognised.

Public Works Department—Mr. Sweet, Government Examiner of Accounts, Indian Midland Railway, is appointed Examiner, Public Works Accounts, North-West Provinces, vice Colonel Christie, on leave. Mr. P. Mole is acting for Mr. Sweet.

Military Department—Surgeon-Lieuts. Linson and Sealy are appointed to the Bombay Command from date of the arrival at Bombay. Lieutenant Wyzard, 14th Bombay Infantry, is admitted to the Staff Corps. Conductor Reynolds is promoted to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, Bombay Command, with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant. Major Baird resigns commission in the Bombay Volunteer Rifles. Messrs Forrest, Young, and Nash are gazetted Second-Lieutenants in the First Battalion of the Bombay, Baroda Volunteers. Major Goodwin, of the 2nd Battalion of the same Corps, receives the Volunteer Officers' decoration.

Marine Department—Engineer Lamb, Royal Indian Marine, is gazetted for one year's leave; and Assistant Marine Surveyor Kendall is granted forty days' extension of leave, on medical certificate, and Chief Engineer Collins receives a step in promotion. Mr. F. McCulloch, Chief Builder, Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, is permitted to resign.

Major Onslow, 10th Bengal Lancers, officiates as Deputy Judge Advocate-General, 3rd Circle, Bengal Command, vice Lieutenant-Colonel Wilson, on leave. Captain Reid, Cantonment Magistrate, Agra, officiates in the 2nd Circle, vice Major Onslow; while Captain Dunn, 16th Bombay Infantry, officiates as Assistant Judge Advocate-General, 9th Circle, vice Captain Rich, on leave, and Captain Thomson is posted to the Army Head-Quarters. The transfer of Lieutenant-Colonel Wilson to the 3rd Circle, and of Captain Rich to the 9th Circle, is also notified.

Veterinary Lieutenant-Colonel Thomson officiates as Principal Veterinary Officer in India, vice Veterinary-Colonel Duck, appointed Director-General of the Army Veterinary Department; while Veterinary-Major Glover officiates as Inspecting Veterinary Officer, Punjab, vice Mr. Thomson.

THE FAMINE.

BOMBAY OFFICIAL REPORT.

DURING the week ending the 10th instant there was good rain throughout Ratnagiri and Kolaba, in the greater part of Nasik and Khandesh, in four talukas of Ahmednagar, one of Sholapur, one of Satara, four unaffected talukas of Belgaum, and five unaffected talukas and one affected peths of Dharwar. The rainfall in the rest of the affected area was generally insufficient, being below half an inch in most of the talukas, and there was none in four talukas of Bijapur, one of Sholapur, one of Ahmednagar, and one of Poona. More rain is urgently wanted for the young crops or for sowing throughout Bijapur, Poona, Sholapur, and Ahmednagar, and in two talukas of Satara, and the affected talukas of Belgaum and Dharwar. The rainfall has also not been sufficient for transplantation in one taluka and one mahal of Kolaba. The crop tone of food-grains have risen in all the affected districts except Ahmednagar, where they are almost stationary.

The daily average number of relief workers and dependants have been, from 213,494 and 56,903, respectively, in the preceding week to 245,982 and 61,821 during the week under report. The districts of Bijapur and Ahmednagar contribute more than 14,000 each to the large increase in the number of relief workers, which is due to the absence of rain. An estimate of Rs. 1,91,350 has been sanctioned for the Kapurvadi Reservoir in the Ahmednagar District, which is in progress as a relief work. From the reports of the Sanitary Department it appears that the chief causes in the Bijapur and Satara Districts are now free from cholera, but the disease still prevails, though in a less virulent form, on certain works in the districts of Sholapur, Ahmednagar, Nasik, Poona and Belgaum, and measures to check it are being continued. Several persons, most of them children, who have been found in reduced condition by the Medical Officers in the districts of Sholapur, Satara and Khandesh, have been placed under special treatment. The health of the relief workers and dependants is otherwise reported to be good.

The daily average number of persons relieved in villages and poor-houses was 50,989 in the week under report as compared with 47,843 in the preceding week. Owing to the long break in the rains many poor people from the hill talukas of the Satara District are flocking into the town of Satara, and it has been found necessary to open a poor-house there. The application of Chapter VIII (Poor-houses) of the Famine Code to the Satara District has accordingly been authorized, and a sum of Rs. 10,000 has been allotted for expenditure for the purpose. The following allotments have been sanctioned for the Ahmednagar District :—Rs. 40,000 for gratuitous relief in villages, Rs. 30,000 for kitchens, Rs. 15,000 for poor-houses.

The following additional assignments have been made for loans and advances for purchase of seed, cattle or fodder :—Bijapur Rs. 1,50,000, Sholapur Rs. 50,000, Poona Rs. 40,000, Khandesh Rs. 15,000, Rs. 14,810 and Rs. 10,000, respectively, have been appropriated for the same purpose out of the assignments for land improvements already sanctioned for the districts of Sholapur and Nasik. A further allotment of Rs. 10,000 has been sanctioned for subsistence advances under Section 143 (2) of the Famine Code in the Poona

TABLE TALK.

(BY WALTER BESANT.)

LONDON, JUNE 23.

I AM much obliged to someone for sending me a copy of the *Montreal Star*, in which is recorded the history of a great subscription opened by that paper for the sufferers in India. The amount subscribed up to the end of April was about £11,000. This is in itself a large sum of money. What gives it the greater significance is that it is a subscription avowedly collected on behalf of fellow subjects of our Empire. It has been contributed by 100,000 school children of Canada as well as by thousands of grown-ups. The columns of the paper are filled with letters which it does one good to read. They convey deep sympathy with the sufferers from the Famine and Plague. That might very well be expected, because the Canadians are quick to respond in all things that call for pity and for help. They are also brimming over with expressions of loyalty to the Empire; loyalty to the Flag; loyalty to the Queen. "The starving millions of India"—they say, one and all and one in these words—"belong to the same great British Empire as ourselves, and our hearts go out to them in their hour of distress." If there is to be a general going out of hearts in this great time of thankfulness and pride, there will be a very marked movement in the direction of Canada. I would I were as Rudyard Kipling is. Then would I make a song about Canada which should ring out—like one of his—over all the Seven Seas.

By the time these columns are received it will be all over—one hopes, happily. As to what has been said, the kind messages, the sympathy, the assurances of loyalty, we must accept them as genuine, and we must hope that they may prove lasting. I think that we shall all realise much more clearly than we have ever done before the responsibilities of our Empire; the need of keeping up the strength of our defensive forces; the dangers, as well as the greatness, of Empire. We shall understand that we have enemies without as well as within; those within we ought to combat by the Press and by the Parliaments—that of St. Stephen's and that of Spring Gardens, for instance; those without we ought also to recognise more clearly than we have done. I am no politician; I never pretend to talk politics, but, as an outsider, I remark that the country—France—which is our traditional enemy, is now speaking about us with justice, if not with friendliness; and that the country—Germany—which is our traditional friend, whose ruler is the Queen's grandson, to which our Royal House belongs, whose people we have always admired and honoured, has become implacable and unreasoning in a blind animosity towards us. These things we should clearly understand, I say, and be prepared for developments.

The Senior Wrangler is an old Board School boy. Very good indeed. The ladder which leads from the Board School to the Grammar School, and from the Grammar School to the University, has now become very real. The lad who left the Board School with a scholarship had his foot on the lowest rung of the ladder. Though he himself hardly realised the fact, the future before him was that of a man of science—probably a teacher, a writer, a leader, an authority; a possessor of a name honoured over all the world, the recipient of such national distinctions as are awarded to men of science, always free from pecuniary anxieties—in a word, when he took that scholarship, and exchanged the Board School for the Grammar School, he was setting off on one of the most enviable careers that the world has to offer. To become a great general, a great statesman, a great lawyer, a great man of letters, a great artist, a great preacher, a great physician, or a great man of science, is a very wonderful gift of fortune. This lad started on the preliminary work which makes one of these careers possible. Mr. Austin is not the first Board School boy, who has thus begun well; there was another a few years ago who came from Portsmouth Board School, and is now a Fellow of his College.

Merely to be Senior Wrangler is not now so very much; in fact, it is good deal less than it used to be, because it belongs now only to an intermediate examination. The more difficult part of the examination is the tripos, which only the best men appear, and in which the Senior Wrangler is not always first. Some years ago a woman, as we all know, was Senior Wrangler; but she did not proceed to the second part, a fact which discounted a good deal of the glory. Still, it is a very good thing indeed to be Senior Wrangler. Formerly, such a young man as Mr. Austin very naturally stepped into a Fellowship; took orders; became Lecturer first and Tutor next; when he was well stricken with years—say sixty or so—took a college living, where, with the comfortable proceeds of the living and his own savings, he managed very well indeed; kept up a good house and a noble garden; gave dinners with excellent port; built and maintained good schools; and preached scholarly sermons. Now hardly anybody takes orders, the college livings are horribly reduced, the young men become College Lecturers, hold various college offices, and make Cambridge the place of their life's work and residence.

Everybody knows the story told by Charles Dickens of the lady who kept to her room and would not suffer the wedding feast to be removed from the table after the wedding was interrupted. The case was not at all singular. I have found three or four others in which a lifelong seclusion followed a love disappointment. Two of these ladies died in the year 1778. One of them, Mary Lydia Lucrine, a maiden lady of what was then called a "genteel" fortune—I have reason to believe that the adjective meant something not exceeding £300 a year—lived for many years in her lodgings in Oxford-street, never going outside the rooms, and never admitting the light of the sun. The other, whose name is not given in my authority, lived in Charles-street, also wholly in her own rooms, and always by the light of a lamp or candle. Ten years before this in the year 1768, one Esther Claridge died in her lodgings on Tower Hill where she had lived for thirty-five years, never once going outside her rooms. It would appear as if in matters of love it was thought respectable and the right thing to do, if these matters went wrong, to make retreat from the world. The mediæval woman went into a nunnery, and there nursed a broken heart; in the last century she retired to upstairs, pulled down the blinds, closed the shutters and the curtains, lit a candle, and sat down in dignity to weep. Her friends came to visit her; if she was possessed of a "genteel" fortune, like Mary Lydia Lucrine, she provided tea and cake or something hot, with a glass of cordial. If, however, she had no money, she had to stay at home and to go on with the old domestic duties. In that case she speedily pieced together the fragments of the broken heart and gave it, perhaps, none the worse for the fracture and the recovery to another man.

What should a rich man do with his money if he wants to confer some lasting benefit with the use of it? The last century was a very charitable time; the ancient custom of bequeathing money to the Church still lingered in some minds. But, whereas, formerly, they gave money to the Orders of Friars, to the hermits and anchorites, and to the foundation of chantries in their parish church, they gave, two hundred years later, doles for Christmas and Easter, almshouses, charity schools, pensions, gifts to hospitals, endowment of lectureships in churches, scholarships at colleges, and, above all, the relief and release of poor debtors in prison. Most of these ways are now impossible or discouraged. There are no poor debtors in prison; there are enough scholarships at the Universities; doles are no longer considered charitable; schools are provided by the ratepayer. Is there, then, nothing at all which a rich man can endow? I think that there still remains the almshouse. If I were a rich man I would found, build, and endow an almshouse. It should be as big as my wealth would allow. Perhaps for the lesser kind there might be a joint contribution for the purpose. I once made a calculation. I believe, for these columns, of the cost of almshouses. If I remember rightly I estimated the cost of each house of two rooms, properly finished, with a kitchen or scullery, at £300 as an outside price; the cost of the ground with a little garden at £50, and the cost of an endowment of 10s. a week, or £13 a year, at £550—total for each cottage £800. So that an excellent cottage with a dining hall and reading room could be erected and endowed for twenty old men or old women for £16,000—perhaps a good deal less. Think of that Dives! Only £16,000, and a happy retreat for twenty old men, or old men and old women, where they could rest to the end of their days, and then be succeeded by others, in perpetuity. It is dirt cheap.

I continue to receive kindly attentions from a certain portion of the Press with regard to the voting on the Women's Degree question. Some of these attentions are based on misconceptions; others on exaggerations; others, again, on untruths. As for the personalities, I would point out to the ladies who employ them: First that they cannot very well complain of the rudeness of under-graduate when they show as much rudeness themselves; next, that in attacking me they attack a person who takes no part in the government of the University; has written nothing for or against the question; and has executed simply his right in recording a vote, which seemed to him just and right. It is, however, on the untruthful part of the business that I must once more protest. Everyone who knows Cambridge knows perfectly well that the undergraduates have no vote on any question connected with the government of the University; that they cannot influence the voting in the smallest degree; and that their attentions to the voters on the day in question were limited to shouting *outside* the place where the masters assembled; to shying flour and crackers impartially at the voters on both sides; and to dangling in ropes dressed up figures of women—very bad taste, no doubt, but not likely to influ-

possibly alter or affect a single vote. It is, therefore, either through ignorance or through deliberate falsehood that the undergraduates are represented as causing the rejection of the Act.

I will next venture to prophecy. The country is not prepared to give over either of its two venerable seats of learning to become that curious and doubtful thing, a mixed University. Both at Oxford and Cambridge this fact has been proved beyond the shadow of doubt. It is, however, disingenuous to the last degree to represent this fact as one of hostility to Woman's Higher Education. Speaking as an outsider—the "Man in the Street," to use the slang of the day—I am personally ready to admit that the intellectual achievements of women in the last twenty years have been astonishing and unexpected. In spite of their victories, however, it seems to me demonstrable that a wide difference exists between the intellectual powers of men and women—a fact which must not be taken to imply any inferiority in either side. That the same course of study should be laid down for women as for men seems to me so very doubtful that until it can be proved desirable by physiologists, physicians, and the experience of educational experts, I sincerely hope that the experiment will not be tried. Let me refer my readers on this point to Prof. Karl Pearson's new book of essays, and especially to his chapter on Women and Labour. Very well then. To my prophecy. It is that, out of all this passionate charge and counter-charge, this outburst of feeling, will come before long a woman's University, connected—so as to secure the due importance of their degrees—with Cambridge, for the first few years of existence, at least, as regards the examination papers. In all other respects it will be governed by its own Professors, and I do not think that its connection with Cambridge will last very long.

CYCLING AT HOME.

(FROM A WHEELING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JUNE 23.

ALL England has been in a state of continuous holiday making and festivity in celebration of the Queen's Record Reign, and at every illuminated parade, every fete, and every out-of-door function, the bicycle has been in evidence. Even on the route of the Queen's Procession, there was a cyclist in full military dress, riding hard in the opposite direction to the way the show was going, carrying despatches and information as to the progress of the pageant.

Cyclists, as a body, did not signalize the jubilee, with one rather ridiculous exception. Every cyclist is no doubt, loyal, His Royal King, or otherwise, is quite independent of his allegiance to Her Majesty the Queen, and there seemed no adequate reason why cyclists, as such, should present an address. Had there been any public ground for this action, the C.T.C. and the N.C.U. might have been expected to carry the scheme out. As it was, a novel organisation, obviously straining for notoriety, got that, and not a little derision as well, by holding a cyclists' demonstration in Battersea Park. The Secretary of the Cyclists Parliamentary and Municipal Association framed an address to the Queen, which was read aloud in the park, and then an attempt was made to form a procession, but the public swarmed over the roads, and those who were wanting to parade got hopelessly mixed up with sightseers, and disorder reigned supreme, the majority of the cyclists having to walk beside their machines, amid much indulgent laughter. The only group that kept together were the nine blind riders from the Normal School for the Blind, and the secret of their unanimity lay in the fact that, with one seeing person, they were mounted on a "ten-in-hand!" On leaving the Park, the riders dragged in twos and threes across north west London to Wembley Park, many side slips enlivening the proceedings, and an illuminated fete at the latter place ended the demonstration.

A somewhat novel excuse was offered by a bicycle thief, near Newark, a few days ago. The owner of a machine noticed that it had disappeared, and went out on the road to watch. Presently there entered to him a stranger on his lost machine, who, when spoken to, explained that he had taken it from the inn near by, as he could not find his own! As, however, the unlawful possessor did not give up the bicycle on demand, a fisticuffing ensued, and in the end the cycle thief was worsted both on the road and in the courts.

A funny sequel to the irritating display of police tyranny, as reported from Prescot Hill. It may be remembered that on this hill our forty cyclists were stopped, and every single one of them was fined for furious driving, although there was direct positive evidence in some cases, that the pace did not exceed nine miles the hour. The sergeant declared that the hill ought to be taken not faster than five. A test case is in progress, but, meanwhile, in order not to risk anything, a prominent Liverpool Club, twenty strong, last week dismounted at the top of the hill, and carried their machines on their shoulders down the hill, passing the policemen on duty with remarks which may better be imagined than published.

The National Cyclists' Union, this year decided to hold all its championships out of London, as by so doing there was a better chance of making them pay. It mattered not that by so doing they were breaking their own rules, for even the controllers of amateurism must make a little money somehow, even if it is only officials' fees 'and councillors' expenses. So the first events were run off at Preston on Saturday. The Union was content to go to an old-fashioned cinder track, devoid of all but the meagrest banking, instead of to an up-to-date path. The result was a chapter of accidents. In the amateur quarter, after two rounds of preliminary heats, three men were qualified for the final—A. S. Ingram, A. A. Appleby, and J. A. Metcalfe, who, in their order of form. The two first, used to decent tracks, collided and fell, and Metcalfe, escaping the wreckage, finished alone.

In the 25 miles amateur race, it was only a question of time for some, at least, of the seventeen starters to come to grief, and at about quarter distance, a rare bunch all slid up into a heap, some being able to ripple out and continue, others being laid aside for surgical attention. Worse than this, the management bungled the pacemaking so badly that only one set of men were allowed to have pacers, and the rest were left along. Then tyro in cycle racing knows that grosser unfairness could not be conceived. The name of the winner was Fawcett.

The third event on the day's programme was the Five Miles Professional Race, which passed off safely, at a loafing pace, more than a minute outside standard time, and was cleverly won by C.F. Barden, the mount of which ahead of Gascoyne. This was the only race of the three justified by form.

J. W. Stocks and Tom Linton have often attacked each other's distance for an hour's record, but the occasions when they have actually met have been comparatively rare. The once this year was in a 50 kilometres race, won by Stocks in Brussels. They met again on Saturday at the London Bicycle Club Meeting held at the Crystal Palace track, and Linton was the victor. Stocks is too good a sportsman to cast for excuses, but his sympathizers explain that he had not got over a fall on the previous Monday. At any rate, Linton, in order to beat Stocks, did not have to ride so far as Stocks has ridden in the same time, which looks as though the celebrated Dunlop man was not quite at his best. Linton's winning distance was 31 miles 170 yards, Stocks 100 yards to the bad, but his record of 32 miles 448 yards was safe.

A very fine road record was established during the week by the veteran road rider, Montague Holbein. He has claim to that title, for he has fifteen times ridden through a twenty-four hours' trial, either in competition or against the watch, and has never finished except in the first place. He was the first and only man to do 300 miles in solid twenty-four, and when in 1895 he covered 307 miles in the day, he only wanted the odd three to reach the distinction of being the first to do 400. That distinction he has now achieved by the margin of 2 miles. On an ordinary day he would have done more, with ordinary pacing, but the day of his ride was marred by so persistent a gale, that with the novel assistance of extraordinary help of a motor car, he was only just able to get home. It must not be thought that the motor car meant only the five miles, by which his record was raised, it meant more than that. It meant the difference between the absolutely impossible day, into one on which a fine performance could be accomplished. The car led Holbein about a third of the distance, and the possibility of that might be done on a good day, with motors all the time, is barely realizable.

Cyclists frequently, in their hurry to escape from the town to enjoy the beauties of nature, overlook the risk of a puncture, which may turn a pleasant holiday into a day to be remembered sadly. A puncture may happen far from any town, and it is when this occurs on some unfrequented byeway, that the advantages of having the Dunlop Midget Repairin Outfit, which takes up a very small space, becomes apparent. It is fitted with all necessaries for restoring the injured tyre to its pristine vigour. It is obtainable everywhere, and the Dunlop Company's name is sufficient guarantee of its excellence.

THE JUSTICES' ELECTION OF A COUNCILLOR.

A MEETING of the Justices for the town and island of Bombay was held, yesterday afternoon, in the Municipal Hall to elect a Councillor in place of the late Mr. Bomanji Master, who was a representative of the justices. There were two candidates—Dr. Dinshaw Bomanji Master, a son of the deceased, and Mr. Kalabhai Lalubhoy, a High Court pleader. The former was proposed by Mr. F. R. Joshi and Mr. J. B. Mursban, and seconded by Mr. K. M. Shroff and Khan Bahadur Fakirji Jiwaji; while the latter was proposed by Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna and seconded by Mr. H. M. Chichgar. The election being thus contested, the Municipal Commissioner convened a meeting of the justices, yesterday afternoon, at four o'clock, in the Municipal Hall. On the motion of Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla, seconded by Dr. Bhalchandra, Mr. P. C. H. Snow, Municipal Commissioner, was called to the chair. Dr. Bhalchandra then proposed, and Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla seconded, that Mr. H. Barrow, Municipal Secretary, Mr. R. P. Brunton, Mr. N. R. Ranina, and Mr. Asandrao Waman Shette should be appointed scrutineers. The voting, which cannot be called brisk, the attendance of justices being very thin, commenced at four o'clock, and was finished exactly at six o'clock; and although the result will not be officially declared until this morning, it was apparent that Dr. Dinshaw Master was the favourite, and secured a very much larger number of votes than his rival. The absence of European justices was conspicuous, only a couple of them being present. When the polling ceased at six o'clock, Mr. Eknath Raghunath Khote proposed a vote of thanks to Mr. Snow, who acknowledged the compliment, and announced that the result will be declared this (Saturday) morning, at 10-30.

THE barque Overdale, before she sank in the Hughli, was boarded by swarms of river pirates who looted everything. The police have arrested about

CRICKET PROSPECTS, 1897.

NATIVE CLUBS.

LAST week we discussed the cricket prospects of the leading European clubs; let us now turn our attention to the chief Native clubs of the Presidency. The Parsee Gymkhana XI. is perhaps the strongest of the Native teams, and let us preface our remarks by congratulating that establishment on electing a really sound committee for selecting the Parsee team to oppose the Presidency in their matches in Bombay and Poona. Last year, owing to slight prejudices and differences of opinion, the strongest possible team was not put into the field; but we are confident that this year, this excellent committee, by using a little tact, will smooth over all unpleasantness, and we shall see a thoroughly representative XI. take the field against the Presidency in both big matches. We must welcome back, after an absence of four cricket seasons, that distinguished Parsee cricketer Pavri. His return strengthens not only the Parsee Gymkhana XI., but also the combined Parsee team. His thorough knowledge of the game and endless resource stamps him as the best Parsee captain we have seen. Apart from his ability as a captain, he is a fine bat, a first class bowler, and a capital fieldsman. Spencer, on whom, in Pavri's absence, the duties of captain have fallen, is still a reliable batsman, and we have known him to play several good innings when things were going badly for his side. As a fieldsman he is not quite first class, though he seldom drops a catch that comes within his reach. D. Mody is a fine dashing batsman, with great punishing powers. As a cover point he has few equals anywhere, his picking up and smart return to the wicket being very good. He is a useful change bowler, but since his action was pronounced "doubtful," has developed rather a cramped and awkward delivery. His brother, R. Mody, is hardly so good as he used to be some three seasons ago, but is still a dangerous bat if allowed to settle down. R. D. Cooper, an erstwhile champion wicket keeper, will hardly help the Gymkhana this year, but D. D. Kanga, who, in addition to his wicket keeping, is a stylish and brilliant batsman, ought to prove an invaluable member of the team. K. Mistry, perhaps the best all round Parsee cricketer, has not yet returned from the North, where he has been spending the hot weather, getting useful hints from J. T. Hearne, who is so well known in English cricket. We feel sure that we shall see many a big score against his name this season, and many a victim to those breaking deliveries of his. Billimoria, too, who came into prominence two years ago, has been profiting by the advice of the same coach. As a bowler he is quite first class, and if he played with more patience ought to make a lot of runs. The Parsee Gymkhana, with all these cricketers we have mentioned, can get together a very powerful combination; and we shall watch with great interest their matches against the Bombay and Poona teams.

The Elphinstone Cricket Club is another Parsee team which promises great things. They have among their members Spencer and Mody, whom we have mentioned above. Machliwalla is one of their best known men. He is a fearless hitter with an excellent eye. A "fast-footed" batsman is perhaps the best way to describe him. We hardly remember seeing anybody, in England or in this country, who can move out of his ground to meet the ball so quickly as he can. As a bowler he is good, though rather erratic at times. Pochkhanawalla is a batsman who has begun the season well, and gives great promise. Chinoy is perhaps the best bowler on the side. We expect the Elphinstone Club will give a good account of themselves this season. The Municipal Club possess the most consistent scorer among the Parsees—Daruwalla. He is a very sound batsman, his style is a little cramped, but he has a strong defence and can open his shoulders when required. He is capital field anywhere, and an absolutely safe catch. Gazdar, the wicket keeper, is another member of this team. He is a free punishing batsman, whose chief fault is his anxiety to score too quickly. Kirtikar is a steady bat, and in Chamare and Chonkar they have two bowlers well above the average, and the latter of those is also a useful hitter.

That sporting firm, the Ralli Brothers, have a team that can well hold their own. Gagrat is their champion; he bats in a most taking style, hits freely all round the wicket, and scores at a great pace. His lightning underhand deliveries are very deadly at times, and as a fieldsman he is unsurpassed by any Parsee. Mr. Ward is the captain of this XI., and when more accustomed to the Bombay wicket will be a great acquisition. Writer we have known for a good many seasons as one of the best bowlers in the country. He has an easy graceful action, and can bowl all day without tiring. Lord Hawke's team who visited us in 1892 were loud in singing his praises. He was successful against them, and has had continued success ever since. Davar is the other crack bowler of the Ralli Bros. XI. We are inclined to think he would be more successful if he altered his pace more frequently, and bowled a little faster on the whole. Taken all round the Rall Brothers team would give most clubs a capital game.

The Poona Parsee Gymkhana is hardly as strong as any of the clubs we have mentioned above. Their weak point—a strange fact for a Parsee XI., being their bowling. In Raja they possess a capital batsman, who has shown himself to be well worth a place in the combined team. Errana and Master are perhaps the pick of the remainder—while Chinoy and Wadia are their best bowlers.

Now we come to the Hindu clubs. Towards the close of last cricket season we were informed on the best authority that the combined Hindus of the Presidency were anxious to arrange a match with the combined Parsee XI., and also with the Presidency. We must acknowledge great improvement in their cricket, but at the same time do not consider that they are yet quite good enough to make an even match with either the Presidency or the Parsees. They have several bowlers who are quite first class; but their batting is decidedly weak. They have improved greatly in the bowling department during the last few seasons; there is no reason why their batting should not also improve. In the meantime, why do not a combined Hindu team arrange matches with the three chief clubs in the Presidency—the Bombay, Poona, and Parsee Gymkhanas. Only five or six years ago, the combined Parsee XI. used to play the Bombay Gymkhana; why should not the combined Hindus begin in the same fashion, and we feel confident that they will work their way up as successfully as the Parsees have done.

The Bombay Hindus have four fair batsmen in Chonker, L. S. Bhundare, Kirtikar, and Modak. Of these Bhundare is perhaps the best, and he certainly is in capital form this season. Chonker has been rather a disappointment. A few seasons ago he promised to be first rate batsman; but seems now to be quite out of form. Bhundare is also their best bowler. He has an easy left hand delivery, and gets great spin on the ball, even on the hardest of wicket. Chonker, a right-handed fast bowler, is also a difficult bowler on any wicket. We shall watch this team with much interest, and we hope they will pay more attention to their batting than they have up to date.

The Poona H

HOUSE-TO-HOUSE VISITATION IN MANDVIE.

IMPRESSIONS OF A SPECIAL CONSTABLE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The impressions made on my mind during a [illegible] house-to-house inspection in Mandvie, which [illegible] eyes, unfortunately the birth-place of the [illegible] plague, being of an important nature, I shall [illegible] to lay them before the public in a brief manner. Mandvie, as well as [illegible] suffered most from the [illegible] of this fell disease, and thousands of inhabitants [illegible] of this overcrowded part of the city have fallen victims to it, leaving their dear and near ones in deep mourning. First of all, I will try to point out the principal causes to which may be attributed the increase of this dangerous plague in Mandvie, viz.,—(1) The abominable condition of filthy and invariably choked up gutters, drains and bye-lanes which were not cleansed, flushed and disinfected in accordance with the rules of sanitation. (2) The accumulation of the sweepings, all kinds of garbage and the silt collected from the bottom of the drains holding all sorts of poisonous gases and a large quantity of decayed grains, with some earth refuse mixed with water, flowing from the drains and pipes. All these dangerous things were lying in the streets and on the footpaths. It is well known that after the outbreak of plague some hundred tons of silt were removed from the drains of the Arzyle Road only. (3) The dust-bins which are always filled up with filthy things were not cleaned regularly and the surrounding places were very dirty as every kind of nuisance was to be found there. (4) The blankhouses were emptying their baskets of night-soil into the gullies and drains instead of taking them away to the proper place. This most dangerous nuisance is an ordinary thing in Mandvie as I myself have observed the night soil on many occasions mixed with water in the gullies, and very frequently complaints of this nature were brought to me as well to the medical officers on our daily rounds in the locality. I had also written to the Health Officer, and was glad when the matter came before the Corporation some time ago, but cannot understand what has been done to put a stop to it. The greater part of the population at Mandvie being high caste Hindus, consider it a pollution to touch a hailkhore, or, I am sure, they would have taught them a severe lesson. I think the Health Department will give its earnest attention to this, and remedy the grievance which the residents of Mandvie have suffered from for a long time. (5) Need of proper sanitary arrangements in many houses and chawls and the carelessness of the owners in not keeping such buildings always cleaned and whitewashed. (6) Generally the houses stand over godowns filled with various kinds of grain, which are on some occasions damaged. The first plague case occurred on the Port Trust Estate which is an early reclamation.

To my knowledge, the first case of bubonic plague occurred in my house at Bhandoop Street, in the first week of August last. An eight years' Bania boy, named Nensee, son of Rajavji, who was in a healthy state, was attacked with a cold-fever, and got bubos on the same day. Although put under the treatment of a clever doctor the case proved fatal. On the next day, his elder brother, who used to nurse the deceased boy, was also attacked, and died a day after. The uncle of the unfortunate boys died of the same dire disease one day after the death of the second boy. I think this was the beginning of the plague. These cases were examined by Drs. Childe, Bhaney, Bhalchandra, Ismail, Vhegas, and some other medical practitioners. The plague increased like wildfire in an Austrican prairie. Segregation was not enforced by the Municipal Commissioner successfully, as the people were not accustomed to and had not the opportunity of knowing what segregation was. This work has been triumphantly carried on by the Plague Committee. A number of enlightened gentlemen of the city have unselfishly helped the Committee by assisting in the segregation of sufferers and by opening Plague Hospitals for the different committees. It is universally admitted that the valuable and important help rendered by the volunteers which has materially contributed towards the stamping out of the plague from this city was highly praiseworthy. Mandvie ward is divided by the Plague Committee into four districts, viz., Mandvie, Chakla, Doongri and Somerichary. Mandvie section at present is bounded on the south by the Forest Road, on the west by the east side of the Chakla Street, on the north by the Musjid Bridge Road, and on the south by the Carnac Bridge Road. The worst part of Mandvie, I may say of Bombay, is Coliwada, which is the unhealthiest, worst ventilated and insanitary locality, divided by many bye-lanes, containing houses mostly built of inflammable materials, very low, dark and full of smoke. Such dangerous houses, as inhabited by Cats and Marathas and are extremely overcrowded. I observed a dark filthy room, not more than 15 feet square, inhabited by not less than 25 persons. We have been constantly detecting bubonic plague cases in Coliwada. Many other contagious diseases, such as small-pox, cholera, &c., are prevalent in it, and only a few days ago we removed five Maratha children from the same house suffering from small-pox, some of whom have been snatched away by the grim hand of death. It contains not less than 275 houses, most of which are quite dark, very low, ill-ventilated, and densely overcrowded. We will begin by chipping a lane, named Rashanale Cross Lane, on the Carnac Bridge side. There was a small dirty chawl at the junction of Doongri and Esplande Roads, below the Carnac Bridge, which has been purchased and pulled down by the Municipality recently. The above lane leads to a narrow, dirty, and dark lane, which communicates with Janjikar Street. This lane is not more than 7 feet in width, and contains 15 houses, low and ill-ventilated, and inhabited by the Coliga and Bye-caste Marathas. Just on the left hand of this lane is a remarkably narrow filthy choked-up bye lane, named Coliwada Lane No. 1, hardly 3 feet in breadth, with many pits and holes, and irregular up to the R. C. Chapel. Most of the houses in this lane are dark and ill-ventilated, and a house, at the entrance and a chawl in the middle, belonging to a Parsee, are built of inflammable materials, and require some necessary improvements. I beg to draw the earnest attention of the Engineering Department towards metalling this lane without any delay, its present state being quite filthy and very much so. We will enter by another lane, called Coliwada Lane No. 2. This is as bad as the first one. The few houses in this lane are very dirty, dark, ill-ventilated and built of inflammable materials. There is a well filled with foul water in this lane which should be disinfected from it. It must have been a temptation to many suicides, and the birth-place of many dire diseases. From this lane we come to Janjikar Street, which contains many houses of them being so dark and ill-ventilated that they have been marked U. B. H. The houses in this street are overcrowded.

Now we will go into the other part of the Coliwada, and begin by entering Sattal Cross Lane, which is a comparatively broad and clean street and also contains ordinary houses. It contains two bye-lanes, so narrow in some places that two persons cannot walk abreast. These lanes are very dirty, rough, and contain many ditches filled with foul water mixed with street refuse and garbage which emit poisonous gases. The house in the middle is very low, being under the level of the lane, quite dark and ill-ventilated. Entering this lane by the Doongri Street side, we come to a very filthy bye lane, named Coliwada Lane No. 4, which contains six or seven houses badly ventilated and built of inflammable materials. A few of them have been marked U. H. H. Sattal Cross Lane contains six ordinary houses, but the street is very irregular and rough. There is another portion of Coliwada, lying on the east side of Doongri Street, between the railway line and the street. This lane is also very filthy, having many pits and holes filled with foul water with street refuse and all kinds of garbage. One house in the middle is, without any exaggeration, dangerous to external air, there being a steaming fire, the smoke of which for fresh air to enter. This house is very low, dark and overcrowded. All the lanes and bylanes in Coliwada urgen... repairs thoroughly metalling, which will put a stop to a great deal of obnoxious nuisance. Coliwada lanes Nos. 1 and 3 should be immediately opened up, which will supply lungs to the other lanes' residents and afford much convenience and comfort. The Municipality should at once supply light to all the lanes, which are entirely dark during the night time and make it unsafe for a person to pass.—Yours, &c.,

KHIMJI HIRJI KAYANI.

Mandvie, July 14.

THE ISLAM CHARITABLE DISPENSARY AT SURAT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Knowing full well as we do that the life of humanitarians is larger than the life of individuals and that wealth is certainly no obscure, it should be the duty of all whom Providence has endowed with riches to utilise the same in useful directions and not squander it on pleasure alone. Wealth is not in itself an advantage. My object now is to bring to the notice of the people an instance of a useful and permanent charity done to a section of the Surat people by a wealthy Borah gentleman of this place in the foundation of a charitable dispensary.

The Islam Charitable Dispensary in the names of Messrs. Ebrahim Nooruddin and Ismailji Abdul Tyab Vehmiwalla was established by the late Mr. Essabhai Ebrahim Nooruddin Vehmiwalla on the 24th February last, a sum of Rs. 80,000 having been set apart by the abovenamed two gentlemen for the maintenance of this institution. The dispensary was founded for the benefit of the Bohra and Mahomedan communities of Surat to whom medicines and advice are given free of charge with the distinction by a doctor specially appointed. The steady progress which the institution has made within so short a period will be seen from the number of patients attending it during the 24th to 28th February the number of patients treated was 291, being 91 males, 101 females, and 59 children; in March the number was 3,248, being 1,341 males, 1,043 females and 844 children; in April the number was 2,985, of which 893 were males, 953 females and 836 children; in the month of May the number stood at 2,374, being 827 males, 722 females and 715 children; while in June last the number rose to 2,443, there being 998 males, 807 females and 638 children. The growth in numbers of patients attending this institution is mainly due to the exertions of its doctor, Mr. Sorabji Pestonji, an experienced and skilful medical practitioner in Surat. The construction of a special building for the dispensary is under contemplation, being only delayed owing to the want of a suitable site at Jhapun, where the Borhas principally reside. It is said to be known that the founder, Mr. Essabhai, died young even before the construction of the building which he worked to establish and for which he set apart a considerable sum of money.—Yours, &c.,

Surat, July 15. SHYLOCK.

PYORRHŒA.—For the Teeth and Breath. A few drops of the liquid "Fluorine" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasantly lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents decay, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar lustre, whilst rendering the breath fragrant to the last. It leaves no unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or bad gums after the "Fragrant Fluorine," being composed the best of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the most perfect discovery in the art. Price Rs. 6/2 per flacon. Sold and Perfumed Wholesale Depot. 43 Par Row, London.

RUBINAT.—Signor Dr. Lorenzo Rubinat.—This Spanish Aperient Mineral Water effectually arrests and superiorly modifies the sickness and irritating effect, caused by the magnesian salts of which many are largely composed. It is most valuable in cases of Gastric Fever, Intestinal Complaints, Gout, Gravel, etc., and especially, in tropical climates and hot weather, by its cooling and purifying effects.

Sole Agents, Messrs. A. & G., 91, Piccadilly, London, W.

BISHOP MYLNE'S FAREWELL.

As briefly stated in our last issue, a farewell Address from the Clergy of the Diocese was presented to the Right Rev. the Bishop of Bombay, in the Vestry of St. Thomas' Cathedral, on Thursday evening. There was a strong muster of the local Clergy.

The Venerable Archdeacon W. E. Scott, having briefly referred to the object of the meeting, explained that, in addition to the Address, the Clergy of the diocese purpose presenting the Bishop with a handsome study-table, which his Lordship had kindly agreed to order in their name. He then requested the Rev. C. Gilder, the senior clergyman in the diocese, to read and present the address, and to offer his Lordship the brass-plate (with inscription) to be affixed to the study-table.

The Rev. C. Gilder, in complying with the request, said:—

My Lord,—In discharging the task which the kindness of my brother-clergy has assigned me I may be permitted, as one who has worked under your Lordship during the entire period of your Episcopate, to refer very briefly to the expansion of Church-work within my own knowledge. The number of non-official clergy has as nearly as possible doubled: there were about twenty-five clergy, besides chaplains, when your Lordship arrived in 1870, and you leave us nearly as possible fifty. The number of Native clergy has risen from two priests and two deacons to six priests and three deacons. The C. M. S. Divinity College at Poona forms a very important new departure in mission work. The S. P. G. also has, under your Lordship's fostering care, begun a system of training for its Native agents, which promises well in the future. The Panch Howds Mission, too, with its beautiful Church, industrial schools, orphanages and high schools, has come into existence during your Episcopate. St. Andrew's Railway Church at Hubli, recently consecrated by your Lordship, made the fifteenth building erected, or adapted for divine service during these twenty-one years: while nearly half the other churches in the diocese have had extensive alterations and improvements made in them in the same period. Turning to matters educational—the two struggling schools at the Cathedral and in Nesbit Lane when you arrived, have given way to the flourishing Cathedral and Mazagon High Schools for boys and girls; the Bishop's and St. Mary's schools at Poona have grown and developed till their original buildings have become the mere nucleus of their present extended ones, and a large Infant School has been added. I had almost forgotten the Indo-British Institution—(Laughter),—which has been transferred from its former unsavoury site at Sonapur to the new buildings on the Esplanade. And in this connection your Lordship will permit me to note the gratifying fact that our Church schools, which were at the bottom of the list twenty-one years ago, passed no lower than thirty-two candidates for Matriculation on the last occasion. My Lord, I have scarcely said all that I wish to say, but I feel confident that the few facts which I have mentioned fully support the judgment of your Clergy that your Episcopate has, under the Divine blessing, been marked by a great expansion of Church-work—missionary, parochial, and educational.

I shall now, with your Lordship's permission, proceed to read the address which we, your Clergy, affectionately offer you on your retirement from the diocese that owes so much to its Chief Pastor.

The address having been read and presented to his Lordship, Mr. Gilder added:—

I have also to offer your Lordship this brass-plate, which is to be affixed to the study-table which your Lordship has kindly consented to accept at our hands. The plate bears the inscription:—

To the Right Reverend
L. G. Myine, D. D.,
In affectionate remembrance
Of 20 years' Episcopate,
From his Clergy of the
Diocese of Bombay.

The Bishop said, in reply, that one of his great encouragements in his work had been the almost invariable heartiness with which the Clergy had responded to his efforts to be the clergymen's Clergyman. He assured his brethren that the diocese in which he had bought his experience would always have a share in his thoughts and affections. The Clergy knew his reasons for leaving them, and it had been a comfort to him in his farewells to find that no one seemed to suspect him of running away from duty, but that all credited him with genuinely trying to do what was best for the diocese. (Applause.)

The Bishop, at the close of the proceedings, presented each of the Clergy with a volume of his Lordship's sermons, "in memento of work in common for God's Church."

THE TROUBLES OF STAMP COLLECTORS.

POST OFFICE DELINQUENCIES.

A short time ago we drew attention to the unjust treatment accorded to philatelists in India in the interpretation of the import duty schedule. An equally strong grievance with stamp collectors is the way in which their parcels are dealt with in course of transmission through the Inland post. A serious loss of stamps has recently occurred in this part of the country, and the circumstances of the case point to peculation while the parcel was in transit. In connection with the subject we have been asked to republish the following letter to a contemporary, dated Calcutta, July 10, and signed "W. C.," which we are assured by no means overstates the unsatisfactory way in which the Post Office performs this part of its duty:—

I am Secretary of an Exchange Club which has for the last two or three years circulated valuable packets of stamps among its members. A few months ago I had occasion to pass on an exchange-packet, the contents of which were worth no less than a couple of rupees. My wife carefully and neatly made the stamps up as a parcel, sealed it with my private seal, and sent it to the post office to be registered. My servant came back after a long delay and said that the Baboo at the book office had broken the seal, untied the parcel, examined the contents, and charged him (the servant) two pice for re-directing. My wife immediately went round to the post office and demanded the parcel, which, after considerable discussion, was produced. She found it had been opened and re-directed, and an assortment of post office wax substituted for my private seal. In other words, some thousands of rupees worth of the Club's stamps entrusted to me by members, were being handled by that post office Baboo on a trip of several hundred miles up-country in a condition which rendered them ripe for robbery without the least fear of its detection.

Within the last few days, I, as Secretary of the same Club, have received information from an up-country member of the very highest social standing in India of the arrival of the Club's registered packet with the private seal of the sending member (also up-country) broken, and with what I will express some hundreds of rupees worth of stamps stolen. The member who received the packet in its dismantled condition, tells me that similar serious losses have recently occurred in a Simla Club, traceable apparently to the post office. I have also just joined another Exchange Club, in which a whole series of thefts has recently occurred. As the membership is an extensive one of one hundred ones, I had to wait some time for admission. At last a vacancy occurred, and I took the place of a member, who, with another, had been expelled for not accounting for the Club's stamps when in his possession. From all I can gather, that unfortunate man may after all be but the cruelly wronged victim of the philatelic predilections of the post office and, in the light of the losses in the other clubs, I am strongly inclined to think this is so. I am now in possession of a book of stamps of great value belonging to the Club I have just joined. It contains many stamps which are individually of considerable value. I have to post it to a well-known collector. How am I to do it? I send it unregistered and it miscarries. I am liable to the club for the value of its contents. If I register it, sealed or unsealed, the post office may take a fancy to half its contents before taking a receipt for it from its addressee. I am seriously considering whether the risk to pocket and reputation involved by belonging to an Exchange Club is worth running any longer. The retention of that book in my possession is not only against the club's rules, but is making me ill. Yet how am I to get rid of it? The Government seem bent on stamping out philately as a popular pursuit in this country. It places a duty on all imported stamps. According to the "Philatelic Journal of India" for June, it has received one hundred rupees during the last year in duties on imported stamps, and for this paltry sum it has practically closed India as a stamp market to the dealers of the world, since Indian collectors are expected to pay duty, not on the stamps they retain, but on those the stamps dealers send them on approval. A few months ago an English dealer sent me out an assortment of stamps in a plain envelope, which evaded the customs. The assortment was an admirable one and most reasonably priced. I sent back those I did not want, in a registered envelope and got a reply, which stated that a thread had been thrust by the Indian postal authorities through my return packet damaging several stamps and utterly spoiling one valued at twenty-five shillings. The dealer regretted he could send me no more.

THE *Englishman* says: It was probably hopeless to expect that the secret of the ill-success of the Hyderabad loan would be suspected. Everyone now knows that the public only applied for four lakhs, and that the underwriters who subscribed the remaining 35½ lakhs were in a tight place for some time. We may explain that the relief of the Syndicate was due to the discovery that the Treasury bonds forming the security were in deposit in London and could not be released until the loan money was forthcoming. Thereupon, they lost no time in declaring the loan negotiations at an end. It remains to be seen whether the Nizam will succeed in raising the much-needed crore from his own jagirdars.

IN regard to the Poona tragedy and the Bangalore gentleman who has offered to unearth the cowardly perpetrator, writes the Bangalore correspondent of the *Madras Times*, I must hasten to say that although the strange story you refer to in the leading columns has been an active circulation in Bangalore for a week or more, the trail upon which our Bangalore resident proposes to take up his discovery, is totally different. As I have said already, he is an old-time resident of Poona, and knows the *badmas* population of that city as he knows his right-hand. It is among them that he proposes to unravel the mystery that still seems to baffle the Government of Bombay, and I am hopeful of hearing that the authority whom he has addressed has communicated with him on the subject. It seems a great pity that the Press—the more sympathetic section of the English Press, I mean—were excluded from the examination of Mrs. Ayerst, for if they had been present this extraordinary tail would have had no supporting colour from such a plausible circumstance. It should have been possible to admit newspaper representatives, or at least one of them in the general interest, rather than to have allowed the smallest ground for such a contemptible concoction as we are now being treated to.

DON'T LOOK OLD.—With advancing years grayness inevitably sets in. Stop this with Lockyer's Sulphur Hair Restorer, which darkens to the former colour and preserves the appearances.—Lockyer's The English Hair Restorer.

THE POONA TRAGEDY.

THE Poona correspondent of the *Pioneer* writes:—With the lamented death of Mr. Rand, a catastrophe which many of us feared was inevitable from the first, the Poona tragedies may be said to have completed their first stage. We must wait for the police to supply the materials for the second phase of the situation. Up to date I am sorry to say that the researches of the detectives do not appear to have resulted in anything tangible. Many days have gone by and many vague rumours about arrests having been made and so on, but these on investigation always turn out to be mere chimeras. Of course the police are in possession of the inevitable clue, and this announcement may be taken as a bad sign. Things are generally far from looking up when the old clue story is made to do duty. And the more time that passes without any real solution of the recent mystery being obtained the less chance will there naturally be of the assassins being brought to book. Under these circumstances the suggestion of the *Pioneer* that the reward should be increased to a lakh of rupees if necessary, of course at the expense of the city of Poona, meets with much approval here, and it is hoped that the Bombay Government may take the hint. Whether it will do so is another question. Personally I am inclined to doubt very much whether it will be able to pluck up the necessary amount of courage. Quite lately it was dazed and horrified at the recent murders than the Governor himself and no one can be more anxious for the discovery of the perpetrators of the crime, nor more sympathetic to their relatives and friends. But the policy of His Excellency and his Council has ever been one of masterly inactivity. Even in such urgent matters as the plague and the famine it is commonly asserted that little or nothing would have been done had not the appointment of a Commission been applied from Home. So far from contemplating the adoption of more stringent measures it is probable that the Government is half afraid that it has already done too much and is in a dazed state of surprise when its measures are quite unusual vigour and promptitude with which it at first acted.

Already the native press and native bodies, though of course ready with a plentiful supply of crocodiles' tears in the shape of words of condolence, are getting ready for a fresh campaign against the Government, the crime of the latter being the imposition of the punitive police force on the city. This is denounced on all sides as unjust and arbitrary and opposed to the best British love of fair play. It is absurd to see the efforts made by the organs of native opinion to prove that the recent crimes were the outcome of private spite, and had nothing to do with political considerations. This from the very journals who stimulated the mischief is a trifle too thin. The argument about punishing the many for the sins of the few will not hold water for a moment. No doubt a few innocent persons will suffer, as often happens, but that the city as a whole was guilty of these murders, in the sense of being accessories before the act, is pretty conclusive. How else did it come about that there was such a widespread foreboding among the natives of a coming catastrophe on that particular night? A great deal of nonsense is being talked concerning the ferocious severity of the punishment meted out by Government. As a matter of fact Poona has escaped very lightly. The city has suffered for two years on a city of 12,000 inhabitants, or somewhat under a rupee a head all round, surely not a very extravagant amount considering the nature of the crime committed.

The Municipality has met the demands of Government with a plaintive non possumus. "We have no money," they say," and it is impossible for us to get any unless Government itself lends us or modifies the resolution concerning the imposition of the punitive police force." If the Municipality is indeed unable to raise the necessary founds here is an excellent opportunity for performing the obsequies of that utterly discredited corporation. As in many other parts of India municipal institutions have shown themselves to be quite incapable of anything in the nature of practical work during the recent time of trial in the Bombay Presidency, and certainly that of Poona is as bankrupt in reputation as it professes to be in finance. If, therefore, it is either unable or unwilling to provide the necessary funds for the increased police force it is to be earnestly hoped that the Government will not delay in dissolving it. Meanwhile, despite statements in the press to the contrary, I have every reason to believe that the recruiting for the new force of European police is going on in anything but a satisfactory manner. Some of the roads in Poona are almost as dangerous to cross as Piccadilly during the season, so utterly incapable are the police of properly regulating the traffic. The force requires a thorough hauling over from top to bottom and it is much to be hoped that it will get it.

I do not know whether it has occurred to the doctors, but many people seem to think that Mr. Rand's condition was by no means improved by the amputation of his leg. From the first published reports he appeared to become very uneasy after a short exposure to their influence, and curiously enough a late mail from Europe brought the report of a scientific meet in Paris at which it was stated that it was most inadvisable to subject any person whose lungs were affected to the influence of the rays, as the latter had the worst possible effect on such persons. This is the experience of the highest European authorities, and the view was fortified by that of Professor W. Crookes, the inventor of the tube which is so important a part of the Rontgen ray apparatus. But in any case the injuries to Mr. Rand seem to have been of such a serious character as to give no hope from the first. The only wonder is that he held out so long. His funeral was if anything even more largely attended than that of Lieutenant Ayerst, everyone in Poona, except the 1st Fleet-street for the Jubilee. But some people are too from Lord Sandhurst and General Nairne downwards being present. The last occasion when we walked sadly down the Sholapore road the cortege was accompanied by a miscellaneous collection of individuals and long strings of motor cabs, which were crowded into the cemetery. At Mr. Rand's funeral I am glad to say all natives were refused admission to the consecrated ground. This may have seemed to bear rather hardly on some of the more respectable amongst those present, but I can't for the life of me see where the real hard-ship comes in. Natives are not in the habit of admitting Europeans to their religious ceremonies and there is no reason why they should admit them to ours, especially when, as in the present case, the native community lies under a stigma which it has as yet done nothing to remove. All credit must be given to those who came to the cemetery for the purpose of paying a last mark of respect to the dead, but to talk about the non-admission of these people to participation in the religious ceremony as a wanton outrage to the native community is all rubbish.

CYCLONE NEAR PARIS.

MANY KILLED AND INJURED.

PARIS, writes a correspondent, visited on 18th ultimo about half-past five by a terrific hailstorm, which lasted not more than a quarter of an hour. The hailstones, some of which were as big as hazel nuts, came pelting my windows until I thought the panes would break. The noise was that of pebbles falling on the frame of a greenhouse. In a few seconds the streets were flooded with water. This storm was but the forerunner of a cyclone which passed four miles off over the suburbs of Asnieres and St. Denis, causing great destruction. A country fete was taking place at Asnieres, the Blackheath of Paris's business men. The booths of the fair-ground, for nearly half a mile down the Avenue Victor Hugo and the Boulevard Voltaire, were wrecked wholesale, the debris being scattered in the middle of the road, and the wares flying about in the most amusing manner. More than 200 trees were torn up from the roots blocking the avenues. Several carriages were upset and a roof was lifted off a house. No storm I can remember in Paris has been so destructive. The whole garrison of Courbevoie, consisting of a whole division, turned out and went at a double to Asnieres, about a mile distant.

The Colquet fireworks factory, the largest of the kind in France, is utterly destroyed; the roof was carried away, the chimney fell to the ground, and the steam boiler burst. Fifteen workmen were injured, and five killed. A church was completely gutted on the Place Voltaire. It is quite certain that other casualties have happened. Around Asnieres the scene is one of widespread and appalling desolation. The houses are roofless and like skeletons. The neighbouring station of Bois-Colombes on the Western Suburban line has lost its doors and windows. The railway traffic was entirely stopped. Not a single booth is standing of the Asnieres fair. The fortune-tellers and cigar-vendors turned over in the street; the gas lamps are torn up. Thousands of window panes are broken, and doors are wrenched from their hinges. Asnieres looks as if it had suffered a bombardment. A man who was crossing the Place Voltaire was hurled against a wall and from the force of the impact broke his leg. In this square is or rather was, a merry-go-round. The wooden horses were scattered like chaff and the ironwork acting with the forces of shrapnel mutilated a neighbouring statue. Another merry-go-round close by suffered the same fate. The owner has been injured and one of his two assistants was killed, the second one being injured. Beyond this was a shooting gallery. The master was just loading a rifle for a customer, when his jacket and waistcoat were suddenly torn off his back, and he found himself almost naked.

Twenty persons are returned as injured at Asnieres, and forty at Bois-Colombes, one of them suffering from a fractured spine. The victims are being attended in the Paris hospitals. It is very hard to collect facts on the spot, owing to the general confusion and terror, but the magnitude of the disaster speaks for itself. The number of dead so far ascertained at Asnieres is five; the number from Bois-Colombes is not yet known, but this parish seems to have been the chief sufferer.

The cyclone appeared in the distance as a cloud of smoke going from S. W. to N. E. At Colombes it swerved to Asnieres wrecking everything in its way. It was simply irresistible. It lasted ten seconds. Roofs were lifted up, and were seen flying in the air at ninety feet high like kites. A signpole fifteen yards long erected for the fair, was carried over the tops of houses and was dropped on a roof at the other end of Asnieres. The telegraph poles are all on the ground, the isolated carriages are scorching Asnieres to-night for dead and wounded. The population is dazed by its misfortune. Women and children are sitting weeping on their door-steps. The Prefect of Police has arrived from Paris and the work of clearing the streets is being prosecuted with the assistance of the Paris municipality. Asnieres is not in Paris, but it may count upon the latter's assistance in this frightful catastrophe. The path of the cyclone was very narrow.

This summer has been remarkable for its unpleasant electrical conditions. I cannot recollect any summer when so many thunderbolts have struck houses and churches. Nearly every day we hear of a few churches being struck by lightning and a good deal damaged. Last night a thunderstorm of phenomenal violence began at Grenoble, and passed over the country to the west. Houses were struck, and roof of the Church of St. Prierre de Paladru were struck. Two bells were melted and the whole of the rafters of the roof burned.

PLEASE SIR! Are you a Martyr to Dyspepsia Indigestion, Habitual Constipation, Sick Headache Liver and Kidney Affections, Anæmia, Inflammation of the Bladder, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, and Palpitation and Weakness of the Heart? Use BURGHAM'S QUICK STYLE TONIC, the best in the world, sold at all respectable Chemists.

THE BALACLAVA HEROES.

THEIR IMPRESSIONS OF THE JUBILEE.

CHATS ABOUT THEIR CAREERS.

THE other night (writes a representative of "The Daily News"), I interviewed the Balaclava Survivors:—

SAMUEL BROWN COMMISSIONAIRE.

The first was a stalwart Commissionaire, still with some vigour left in his old body.

"And when you quitted the army, what did you do?"

He told his simple story in few words.

"I was instructor of the Leeds Athletic Club for two years, and after that I joined the Corps of Commissionaries. Was in the banking line seventeen years, for the first four years as messenger at the Union Bank. But I got too heavy and too old to run about, and now I'm at the Strand Theatre."

"May I mention your name?"

"Oh, yes," he promptly replied, "I've got a name by which I'm always known, Sambo Brown. Please put it down."

JAMES OLLEY, WITH ONE EYE.

The next hero—as, indeed, all the others—wore ordinary, unremarkable clothes. James Olley by name, he lives at Holt, in Norfolk, and has but one eye.

"Been a horse-trainer ever since the Crimea—a horse-trainer for gentlemen. I was in the 4th Light Dragoons, and got wounded in the Charge. Left eye shot out, sword cut across the forehead, lance wound on the ribs, another at the back of my neck, one on the foot."

It was the same with all of them. They felt certain I must want to hear about the fighting. It was only polite to observe:—

"You got tolerably knocked about then?"

"Yes, and it didn't end with the Crimea. I was kicked by a horse eight months ago—bone of the leg laid bare, two arms broken, three ribs broken by a kick." Then rapidly back to the Crimea. "Had a horse shot under me—was invalided four months."

To make sure of changing the subject I inquired:

"What is the funniest thing that has ever happened to you in your life?"

"Riding in the charge," came the instant answer.

I tried again, this time more successfully.

"What did you think of the show yesterday?"

"Oh, we had a tremendous reception, and as for Mr. Roberts, he's a real gentleman."

"How many of you were there?"

"There were seventy at the dinner on Monday."

"And some, I believe, are very badly off?"

The poor old fellow came very near to shedding tears.

"You may well say that. They told me—they told me! It's a pity, a great pity," and he sadly shook his head. "As for myself," he added, with some return to cheerfulness, "I mustn't grumble. I've a pension of 1s. 2d. a day."

DAVID GRANTHAM, OF THE WHITE SWAN.

The next man was David Grantham, late of the 11th Hussars. The ex-hero had told him that a journalist had some questions to put. He did not wait for them, but straightway poured these facts into my ear:

"I was shot through the calf; my wrist was wounded, and my horse was shot under me. When the order was given to go forward—"

"What did you think of the show yesterday?"

"Why," he replied with emphasis, "there never was such a show, and that's the simple truth."

"And what have you been doing since you left the army?"

"I lived in London for eight years, and since then I've lived at Sandhurst. I kept a public-house then, the White Swan (you might put that in the paper, will you?), but now I've got the dropsy, and I've given it up. I've got a little pension, you know," he added confidentially.

We had shaken hands, and he had almost reached the door when a sudden thought took him, and he hurried back, saying:

"Oh, I've something more to tell you. I was orderly to the Duke of Cambridge for six months."

Some complimentary remark on his fine military appearance drew forth further confidences.

"The soldiers of to-day aren't up to the old standard. They're too young, that's what's the matter with them, and look here"—with a sudden access of emphasis—"they're too fond of feather beds. Oh, I know."

As he was in no hurry to go after all I broke new ground with sympathetic allusion to Balaclava heroes in reduced circumstances.

"Well, you see," said the former proprietor of the White Swan, "some men are careful, and some aren't. Some goes the right way, and some don't. It's their own fault, sir. I'm sorry to say it, but so it is. Why, I could have been a poor man myself if I'd sometimes had a beefsteak when I could only afford a slice of bread," that—was his confident criticism of his own philosophy—"that gives you the thing in one word." Then he went on, once more in confidential accents, "I've been careful and saving, and how do I stand? Why, I've a nice little house and an acre of land; so when I go home, why there I am, in a manner of speaking. Ah! if only it wasn't for the dropsy! To see the weeds growing up, and me not able to clear them out!"

And so, with mingled emotions, he took his departure.

JOHN WHITEHEAD, OPTIMIST.

Next came John Whitehead. Nothing less than a shell had killed his horse, but he himself went through the Charge without a scratch. "Yes, I'm am a fortunate man," said he, and I may add that he is an optimist. "Oh, yes, my children helps to keep me, and I've got a pension. Then again:" I've had a happy married life, sir, that I have." Of course, he had no words to describe his delight at seeing the Jubilee procession.

Then I made the acquaintance of Shepherd, who had been in the 11th Hussars.

"I had fourteen wounds, if you'll believe me—fourteen, mind you," and he minutely described each. Three horses were shot under him, and he was taken prisoner by the Russians. After leaving the service he spent six years in the police. Then he was employed in the stables of I don't know how many titled persons in Ireland. "Mind you, I was always very independant and very careful. Ah, yes, I know some ways to get out of the workhouse, but I haven't got to Fleet-street for the Jubilee. But some people are too fond of raising their right hands to their mouth." For forty-one years he had drawn a pension of 8d. a day.

"What did you think of yesterday?"

"Sir," slapping his knee, "it was the happiest day I've ever spent. I never felt so happy in all my life."

Not even when you were in that charge? "I asked, remembering what Olley had said.

"Rather not!" was the convincing reply.

"By the by, what did you think while you were charging!"

Thought of nothing. There was no time. We were told to go, and we did it. But you should have heard some of them swearing."

"You didn't?"

"Oh no," slightly shocked—"I didn't; but I heard all the same. And some said," with a chuckle, "Now then! 'Keep it up!' and so on. But that Jubilee yesterday! It was worth living for, and I said so Mr. Roberts when it was over—these were my very words—if I was to die in the morning I should die content and happy." The cheers swelled up at the old man's end, so did the Princess of Wales and the Duke of Connaught; Lord Wolseley and all the officers acknowledged us; in fact, there's no doubt about it, we had the honours of the day."

These other facts I gleaned: he has married twice, has had sixteen children, and is the youngest survivor of the charge. And these also:

"We've never all met together before. Why, there's a man named Warr at the Charge, and he was at Fleet-street yesterday. I hand't seen him since the Crimea, but I knew him at once."

THE MAN WHO WOULDN'T.

Then I was pressed to an old gentleman named Moneypenny, who was to high-spirited for my purpose. Mr. Roberts started to tell him who I was, but the old fellow waived aside all explanations as superfluous.

"The gentleman wants to photograph me, to' bless you, I know. "Taint the first time neither," and he took his seat in an elaborate pose.

Almost all I could get out of him was that he once had a bulldog which he sold for 80*l*.

To my stock question of how he liked the previous day's procession, he curtly replied:

"It was better than the Duke of Wellington's funeral."

Then he suddenly got up and went out, explaining that he could not waste any more time with me as he had an appointment with Lord Wolseley.

ROBERT BRIGGS, COACHMAN.

His successor was Robert Briggs, notable for having brought in three prisoners at Alma. In later years he had been a coachman, first to a lady, and then to a dentist at Norwich.

Him also I questioned as to his Jubilee experience.

"Well," he said, with deliberation, "I once saw the Lord Mayor's show, but, 'pon my word, th s Jubilee beat it."

His pension is 1s. a day.

JOHN PALIN, IN PRAISE OF WHISKY.

John Palin came in as I was leaving. He went through the American War as well as in a Crimea, and in the former was taken prisoner. "It as didn't mind it a bit, I got double rations all the time."

Later on:

"Oh, we have had a beautiful time, and Mr. Roberts, he is a kind gentleman."

"Was he wounded?"

"No, never in his life, and what is more, sir, I've ever had a days illness in my life."

"Are you a teetotaler?"

"Teetotaler! teetotaler!" and he broke out into a merry laugh. "Not me. No; nor yet a non-smoker neither. When I was a sipper I had small beer, and I suppose it must be sixty years ago that I took to whisky, which I have stuck to ever since. As for smoking, I have been at that for fifty-eight years—briar as a rule but a clay for a treat. I used to chew as well as smoke, but I have dropped that. You should see me put away bacon and eggs at breakfast!"

THE MAN IN THE BISCUIT SACK.

And still another Crimean veteran arrived—William Cullen.

"I am the man that got into the biscuit sack," he explained, with a grin. "Boots and spurs were on, and they titan-ic along and said, 'If you don't get out of that sack you will get killed.' Then I will have to get killed, I said,' because my spurs have caught in the sack and I cannot get out. But fortunately I cut myself free in time to be on the charge."

THE KAISER IN A GALE.

ON BOARD A SINKING BOAT.

SOME days ago it caused genuine surprise that the Emperor did not go on board the steamer Columbia at Cuxhaven, as had been his custom, remembering the incident of the Hamburg, the fast-sailed fortress. Now the reason has become known as follows: There was a gale running very high. The Emperor's advice of those with him, on board the steam-launch, attended by Crew, to order he got from the Hohenzollern. The launch was tossed about in great wave and then deposited. Finally, she was dashed with Hohenzollern that the launch was a foot wide in the bow and the boat, manned by twelve sailors, the Emperor taking his seat in tremendous sea. The men, h head way against the waves, so tow the boat to the Colossus difficulty of laying alongside was finally also abandoned returned on board his yacht.

I surprise that the steamer Columbia ed for him, and undrunk toast at it sorts of commonness. The feats and own. The feats are in blowing the sea on, or against the urgent marked on his little ment on Wednesday, ing to the Columbia. dent on the top of a the trough of the sea. such force against the raft got a hole almost gan to fill. A rowing en, was then lowered. in it, in spite of the owever, could not make and a vessel approached On account of the the steamer this attempt ed, and the Emperor

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ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON." They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the best Cognac Brandy, and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

The following letter has been received from the Secretary of the "CARLTON" CLUB:—

MESSRS. R. MATHEWS & COMPANY. CARLTON CLUB, Dec. 20, 1895.

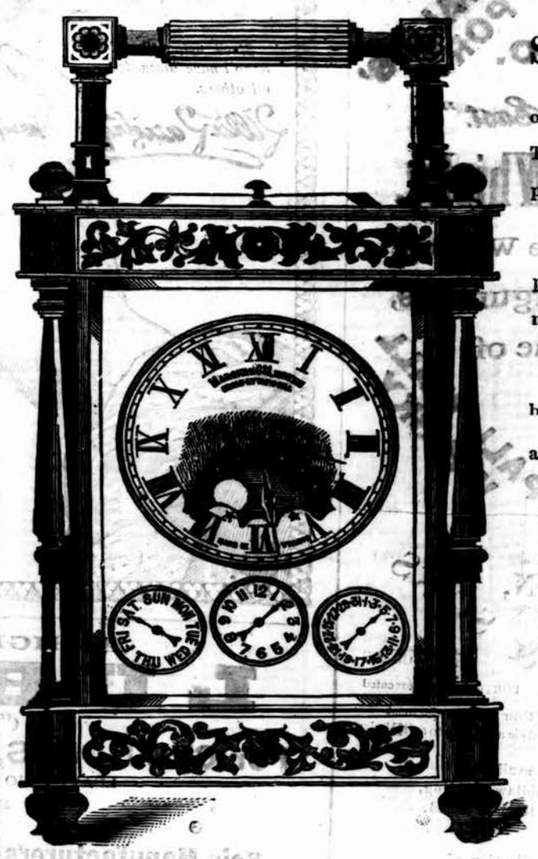
GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your enquiry as to whether the Whiskey you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Whiskey in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whiskey being MOST EXCELLENT. It is Old and Soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members.

Yours obediently,
W. GRIFFIN SUTTON, Secretary.

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of WHISKEY, this is there one to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with Their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.
Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whisky Merchants, London.

CARRIAGE OR PALKI CLOCKS.



The above illustrates a Carriage Clock full size, it is beautifully enamelled in the finest Parisian enamelling, is a quarter Repeater, Calendar showing day and date of month, with phases of the moon, and also is an Alarum. Complete in strong portable leather case, Rs. 385.

SO CALLED because having watch movements and being fitted into a handy portable form of case, they are especially adopted to the requirements of travellers by land or sea. They all go for 8 days, or, in other words, require to be wound once a week. They go in any position and are unaffected by rough or violent movement; they are protected by strong leather outer cases, fitted with hand straps for carrying them about.

The frames are of solid bronze, richly gilded or nickelled or enamelled, having thick plate glass panels all round, with polished bevelled edges, and fitted so accurately that neither dust nor damp can enter.

We have now on hand a very fine collection of the above. Special attention has been devoted to the mechanism of these excellent time-keepers, rendering them useful for a life-time.

TIME PIECES (non-strikers), Rs. 35, Rs. 50 and Rs. 85.

CLOCKS, striking hours and half hours, Rs. 125, Rs. 135 and Rs. 140.

REPEATERS, striking hours when interrogated, Rs. 150, Rs. 175, Rs. 275, and Rs. 490.

QUARTER REPEATERS, striking hours and all quarters when interrogated, Rs. 275, Rs. 420, and Rs. 490.

CALENDAR with REPEATER and ALARUM, Rs. 250 and Rs. 285.

REPEATER with ALARUM, Rs. 420.

CLOCK with REPEATER, CENTRE SECON and ALARUM, Rs. 200

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

HORSE EXERCISE AT HOME.

Vigor's Horse-Action Saddle.

HIGHLY APPROVED BY
H.I.M. THE EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA.
PERSONALLY ORDERED BY
H.R.H. THE PRINCESS OF WALES.
ADOPTED BY
Sir HENRY THOMPSON, F.R.C.S., &c.
And by Leading Physicians.
PRONOUNCED BY
Dr. GEORGE FLEMING, C.B.
a most efficient substitute for the live horse.
USED BY
MARY, COUNTESS OF DERBY.
The Rt. Hon. The EARL of LISBURNE.
The Rt. Hon. BARON H. DE WORMS.
AND MANY OTHERS.

EXERCISE ON THIS SADDLE
Creates Appetite & Cures Dyspepsia,
Quickens the Circulation,
Stimulates the Liver,
Relieves Hysteria, Insomnia,
Gout & Rheumatism,
And Safely Reduces Obesity.

The LANCET says: "The expense and difficulty of riding on a live horse are avoided."
The QUEEN: "Either a strong man can indulge in violent exercise, or an invalid, a delicate woman, or a child may derive benefit."
The STANDARD: "Undoubtedly the simplest and most economical form for the purpose."
The FIELD: "We have had an opportunity of trying one of the Horse Action Saddles, and found it very like that of riding on a horse; the same muscles are brought into play as when riding."
The best exercise for the strong, the weak, also the blind, lame or crippled."
The best and safest exercise for people suffering from MENTAL and NERVOUS DISORDERS.
FULL PARTICULARS WITH ILLUSTRATIONS, POST FREE:

Vigor & Co., 21, Baker St., London

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HUNTLY BLEND

ALL MERCHANTS.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY — HUNTLY BOTTLING STORES GLASGOW.

Fac-simile of Label.

AGENTS:
TURNER, MORRISON & Co., BOMBAY.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

SOLD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTUTY

FREEMAN'S ORIGINAL CHLORODYNE

TRADE MARK. REJECT SUBSTITUTES

Sold Everywhere in Bottles at 12 Annas and Rs. 1/8 to Rs. 12.

CURES FEVERS, INFLUENZA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and ASIATIC CHOLERA. AGUE, SPASM, COLIC, NEURALGIA, and DENGUE FEVER.

LEA & PERRINS'

OBSERVE THAT THE SIGNATURE

Lea & Perrins

IS NOW PRINTED IN BLUE INK DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER of every Bottle of the

ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors; Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally.

RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

SAUCE.

Gold Medals, Paris, 1878, 1889.

THE ONLY AWARD **JOSEPH GILLOTT'S** AT CHICAGO, 1893.

Of Highest Quality; and Having Greatest Durability, are Therefore CHEAPEST.

PENS

Numbers for use by Bankers

Barrel Pens, 225, 226, 262. Slip Pens, 332, 909, 287, 166, 404. In fine, medium, & broad Points.

Fortify the System against Disease

PURE BLOOD SECURES GOOD HEALTH.

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

Estd. since 1829.

SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, &c.

over 60 Years' WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.

IMPORTANT EVIDENCE.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—LANCET.
"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—MEDICAL REVIEW.
"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—Sir R. MARTIN.
The Late Lord CLYDE said:—"I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."
"It cured me of Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—EARL OF ALDBOROUGH.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

INDISPENSABLE TO ALL WHO VALUE HEALTH.

WILKINSON'S (Established since 1829.) HAS STOOD THE TEST OF TIME, AND THE VERY HIGHEST AUTHORITIES pronounce it **SARSAPARILLA** THE BEST.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINES.

Bombay:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited. KEMP & Co., &c. &c.

Thousands of testimonials prove the excellence of ARBENE'S CELEBRATED 'KANDARIN' RAZORS, with fully warranted interchangeable blades, which never require grinding. All who use them speak with unbounded enthusiasm of their capacities, and even those with the strongest beards and most tender skins are unanimous in saying thus with no other Razors can they obtain such a remarkably easy and perfectly luxurious shave as with Arbene's. Made by A. ARBENZ, Jongue, France, and Birmingham. Introducer of the original and only genuine "Arbene" Air Guns. Insist upon having guns marked "Arbene," with trade mark "A" in Swiss cross for first quality, and "2" in Swiss cross for second or cheaper quality! Of principal Importers and Dealers.

PETER MÖLLER'S NEW
COD LIVER OIL
LOSES NOT A DEFEAT.

HYDROXYL-FREE.

The only Cod Liver Oil entirely free from the decomposed fats which are the cause of "repeating" or eructations. Absolutely pure.

None genuine but those bearing our signature and trade mark.

Of all Chemists.

WE have a large number of various MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. OUR ORGANS are from the best manufacturer of Chicago. OUR FOLDING HARMONIUMS are fitted for Indian climate. 3 octaves Harmonium Flutes. Musical Boxes to play Hindustani Airs. Cheapest MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

CATALOGUES CAN BE HAD ON APPLICATION.

SHERIAR ASPANDIAR,
NEXT TO POST OFFICE, KALBADEVI ROAD

NOTICES.

ERADICATES SCURF & DANDRUFF

KOKO FOR THE HAIR

ENSURES MAGNIFICENT TRESSES

KOKO FOR THE HAIR

Is a tonic, cleansing, invigorating preparation, causes hair to grow LUXURIANTLY, keeps it soft and pliant, imparts to it the LUSTRE and FRESHNESS OF YOUTH, eradicates dandruff, PREVENTS HAIR FALLING, is THE MOST CLEANLY of hair preparations, PERFECTLY HARMLESS, is particularly cooling and refreshing, and SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR A HOT CLIMATE.

TESTIMONIALS.

MISS ELLEN TERRY, the great actress, writes:—"I have used 'KOKO' for the hair, and can assure my friends that it stops the hair from falling off, promotes the growth, keeps the head cool and free from dandruff, and is the most pleasant dressing imaginable."

WINDSOR CASTLE, May 7th, 1895. COLONEL E. J. IVEY writes: "Please send me another bottle of 'KOKO.' I can conscientiously state that 'KOKO' has quite performed all you say. I have found it clear off dandruff. My hair came out more than I liked; since using it scarcely any remains in my brushes. I have strongly recommended it to my friends, and cordially I shall never use any other than 'KOKO.'"

The Princesses BEATRICE, VICTORIA, and MAUD use 'KOKO' for the HAIR constantly, and, there is not a Royal Residence in the Kingdom in which 'KOKO' is not a favourite Toilet Requisite.

AUTHORITATIVE ANALYSIS.

"CHEMICAL LABORATORY, 54, Holborn Viaduct, London. January 10th, 1896. I hereby certify that I have submitted to a careful examination and chemical analysis, a sample purchased by myself from the stock of a well-known firm of wholesale druggists, of the preparation known as 'Koko for the Hair.' I have found nothing in this preparation which could be injurious either to the hair or skin, and the results of the analysis lead me to pronounce 'Koko for the Hair' a pleasant dressing, which would undoubtedly be advantageous in many cases. I discovered in the preparation no ingredients of the nature of a colouring matter or dye.
"EDWY GODWIN CLAYTON, F.I.C., &c.,
"Member of the Society of Public Analysts, &c."

Sold by all Druggists and Stores throughout the world.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS:
THE KOKO-MARICOPAS CO., LTD.,
Gray's Inn Road, London, Eng.

The Only Food for Invalid Cows

CARNRICK'S SOLUBLE FOOD

THE BEST FOOD FOR ALL INFANTS

CARNRICK & CO. LD. LONDON

NOT "MADE IN GERMANY"

ATKINSON'S

THE FINEST ENGLISH MAKE.

EAU DE COLOGNE.

More Fragrant: More Lasting: and very much More Refreshing than the German.

USE ATKINSON'S ONLY, AND BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Only genuine with Shield-shape Blue and Yellow Label and usual "White Rose" Trade Mark. Of all Dealers & of the Manufacturers—
J. & E. ATKINSON, 24, Old Bond St., London.

Syrup of Phospho-Muriate OF QUININE & SAL-AMMONIAC.

It is exceedingly nutritious and speedily restores and fortifies the constitution. Its effects are marvellous in Convalescence, Anæmia, Indigestion, General Debility, and Nervous Diseases, &c.

DOSE.—Half a tea-spoonful to one tea-spoonful three times daily in a little water.

Price Rs. 1-8.

PREPARED BY
Dr. S. P. Shroff,
77, Mint Road, Fort.
BOMBAY.

Report from Dr. S. P. Kapadia, L. M. & S. Branch:—Your letter duly to hand this morning, and in reply, I am glad to inform you that yours "Syrup of Phospho-Muriate of Quinine and Sal-Ammoniac," as its composition shows, is found on trial to be a good nervine tonic, especially during convalescence after acute fevers.

Established in Paris 1770. 40 Prize Medals.
THREE LEADING FACTORIES—
PARIS—LONDON—STRASBOURG
COMPAGNIE FRANCAISE,
Purveyors by Special Appointment to H. R. H. the Princess of Wales.
CHOCOLATE, COCOA AND CONFECTIONERY
"Reviving Sweets repair the mind's decay."—Pope.
Guaranteed Absolutely Pure.

"EXCELSIOR" COCOA

In Packets and Tins.

"Grand flavour, delicate aroma."
"Dietetic, sustaining properties."—Vide Analysts.
SUPERIOR CHOCOLATE,
½lb. Packets. (Yellow Wrappers.)
CHOCOLATE WAFERS
Large and Small Boxes. A delicious eating Chocolate.
CHOCOLATE HORSESHOES (Registered)
A superior eating Chocolate in handsome horseshoe boxes.
COURT CHOCOLATE the finest eating Chocolate in elegant boxes.
HIGH LIFE BONBONS,
The most tasteful Dessert Sweetmeat. Recent Novelties.
"REVIVISCENT" CHOCOLATE,
Invented and prepared chiefly for use in cases where sugar is considered harmful. Guaranteed without sugar or farinaceous substances. (Vide Lancet.)
Agents:—Hind & Davison, Lahore.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound and pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

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NOTICE.

COMMISSION STABLE OPPOSITE BYCULLA CLUB.

Horses! Horses!
Carriages! Carriages!

A LARGE number of Horses has remained unsold up to now, in consequence of the prevalence of Plague in Bombay. As it has now almost ceased, and as the dealers are very anxious to go to their native country, a good opportunity offers itself to intending purchasers. Amongst the Horses are, Walers, Arabs, Persians, Hiratee, Egyptian, Racers, Chargers, Hunters, Polo-pony, and Remounts. Walers trained to saddle Single and Double Harness.

Carriages of all sorts for Sale and Hire.

Arms and Ammunitions of all sorts. To be had at Chukla Street, No. 101.

For further particulars apply to

OOMER JUMALL VUYANI,
BYCULLA COMMISSION STABLE.

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(De Vᵉⁿ Deschiens, Hopital Cochin, Paris.)

HEMOGLOBINE in a form suitable for internal administration is one of the most interesting and remarkable discoveries of modern therapeutics. It has been largely employed with excellent results by Dr. Dujardin Beaumetz in the Paris Hospitals (*Hopital Cochin and Hopital de la Pitié*) in all cases of anæmia, loss of appetite, general weakness, and debility. It is especially valuable as a restorative and for counteracting that feeling of weakness and lassitude so common in tropical climates.

On each packet observe the signature Adrian et Cie in red letters and the name of the discoverer Vᵉⁿ. Deschiens.

May be obtained from all Chemists in the form of Wine, Elixir, Syrup, Pills and Powder.

Price Rs. 3-8, the Elixir, Rs. 4.

S. & H. HARRIS

FOR Boots, Shoes, Harness, AND ALL Black Leather Articles.

Does not injure the Leather.

Requires no Brushing.

ASK FOR IT.

S. & H. HARRIS'S SADDLE PASTE FOR SADDLES, BROWN HARNESS, ETC.

WATERPROOF.

HARNESS LIQUID Or Self-shining Jet. | JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers.

Manufactory: LONDON, E.C.

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Second to None.

Unequalled FOR Strength, Quality, AND Finish.

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Recommended 3007 Newspapers

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Sold by all Stationers.

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"The Waverley Pen is a Treasure." *Standard*

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FLUID, POWDER, SOAPS, &c.

OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.

Valuable Book, "HOW TO DISINFECT" free on application.

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KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
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LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty-eight Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

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"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been proved by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

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"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

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"I found during my India experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its unique character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The use of 'hydro-carbon' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest results. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognised."

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"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signature.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

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Every other Wine of Good Quality.

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ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALÓN, BOMBAY,

THE FINEST STUDIO IN INDIA.

A Visit will confirm our claim, which we trust will never be regretted *forgotten.*

Prices Moderate.

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HIGH CLASS PORTRAITURE executed in their Salón in the most Artistic style and finish to suit Modern fashes.

Lift available.

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Our large and varied celebrated collection of Views of India, In Large and Small Series.

Specimens of all kinds of Photography—Civil, Military and Sporting.

An Inspection Earnestly Invited.

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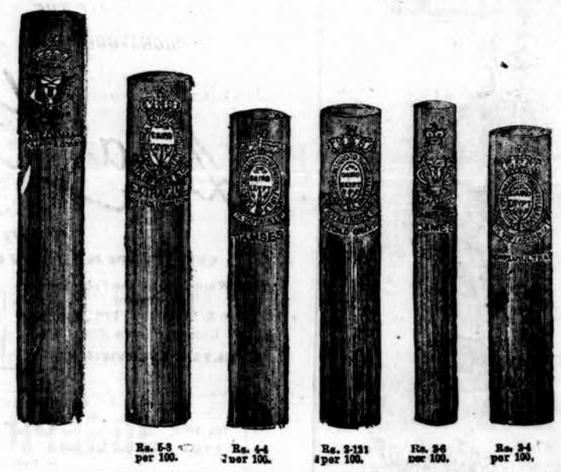
MESSRS. THEODORO VAFIADIS & Co

HIGH CLASS EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES,

Smoked and known by every officer and gentleman throughout India and all over the world. They are highly recommended and approved by every one as the only genuine which have come out to India.

Purveyors to the Khedivial family at Cairo (Egypt) and to all Regimental Mess and Clubs throughout the world.

Our well-known brands are the favourites of the Regimental Mess and Clubs throughout India.



Rs. 5-8 per 100. Rs. 4-4 per 100. Rs. 3-12½ per 100. Rs. 3-8 per 100. Rs. 3-4 per 100. Rs. 2-13 per 100.

The above illustrations show the exact sizes and lengths of the brands of Cigarettes manufactured by us, and the marks thereon. They are the only genuine and high-class Egyptian Cigarettes made of pure and unadulterated tobacco of good flavour. They are of excellent quality throughout.

A TRIAL IS SOLICITED

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,

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For INFANTS and INVALIDS.

MELLIN'S FOOD CONTAINS NO STARCH, BUT CORRESPONDS CHEMICALLY AND PHYSIOLOGICALLY WITH MOTHER'S MILK.

MELLIN'S FOOD BUILDS UP HEALTHY AND VIGOROUS BABIES, AND REDUCES THE TROUBLES AND DANGERS OF VACCINATION AND INFANTILE SICKNESSES.

MELLIN'S FOOD for Infants and Invalids may be obtained of all Dealers throughout India.

Samples and Directions for Use, printed in Native Languages, together with a work on the "Care of Infants in India," can be had on application to—

BOMBAY—Latham, Abercrombie & Co. CALCUTTA—Mackenzie, Lyall & Co. MADRAS—Oakes & Co. KURRACHEE—H. J. Rustomjee & Co. RANGOON—Latham, Black & Co.

MELLIN'S FOOD COMPANY FOR INDIA, LTD., PECKHAM, LONDON.

BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER

For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER, Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE. It entirely prevents the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, the delightful preparation has no equal. Sold by all Chemists.

Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

MESSRS. TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY.

PEARS' SOAP.

Perfect health for the skin and a complexion creamy and delicate as the blush-rose attends the habitual use of

Pears' Soap.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")

For CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

PRICE Rs. 2-14 PER GALLON.

Sole Manufacturers—ENGELBERT & CO., BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

Agents, with Stock—Messrs. MACBETH BROTHERS & CO., BOMBAY.

The difference between the cost per dozen bottles of Aerated Waters made from cheap or from best Essences is most trifling. The difference in quality is most marked.

TO AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS

HAY'S SOLUBLE ESSENCES

REGISTERED

ARE GUARANTEED TO BE THE FINEST IN THE MARKET

ESSENCES OF GINGER, LEMON, ORANGE &c. GINGER ALE ESSENCES

Besides GOLD & SILVER Medals, these Essences have obtained the HIGHEST TESTIMONIALS from all the Medical Journals & from the Principal Trade Journals in this & other Countries.

W. HAY, LIMITED, MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS, HULL

PRICE LISTS FREE ON APPLICATION.

No Manufacturer using ordinary Essences can complete with one using HAY'S preparations. Write at once for a List, which will be sent post free.

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WALTER MACFARLANE & CO.,

GLASGOW.

ELECTRIC LIGHT PILLARS, BRACKETS, AND WIRE WAYS, NUMEROUS DESIGNS AND HEIGHTS.

TWO GOLD MEDALS CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

Macfarlane's CONDUCTOR PIPES, for Rain-water, Stove, Drain, Soil, and Ventilatin Purposes. Plain and Ornamental.

Macfarlane's EAVE GUTTERS, for Rain-water, Building Cornices, Boundary Walls Sheds, Valley Roofs, Water Conduits, &c.

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